



Hot Topics

How to Choose Research Title

How to Evaluate Research Titles

دکتر نادیا صنیعی

استادیار کتابداری و اطلاع رسانی پزشکی

nadiasanee@yahoo.com

برنامه کارگاه

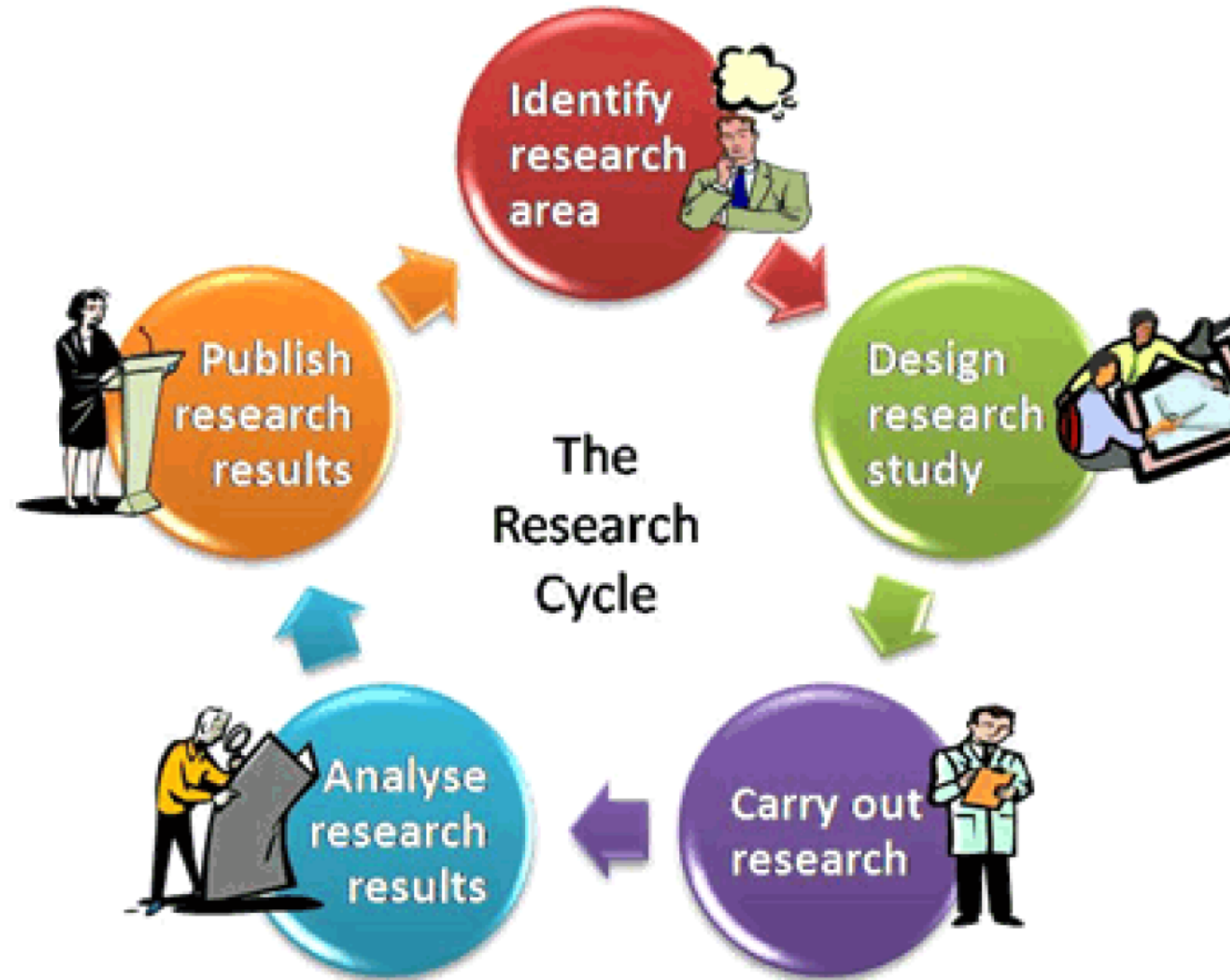
- آشنایی با ضرورت و سیاست های کلان پژوهشی
- اولویت های پژوهشی و انتخاب موضوع و عنوان برای پژوهش
- معرفی شاخص های استنادی و رصد پژوهش ها (Trend- Research Front...)
- استفاده از پایگاه های استنادی جهت انتخاب موضوع پژوهش
- جمع بندی و پرسش و پاسخ

The Story of **Impact** (outcome, effect)



Research Circle

The circle of Research from **origination** to **usage** consist of many steps as follows:



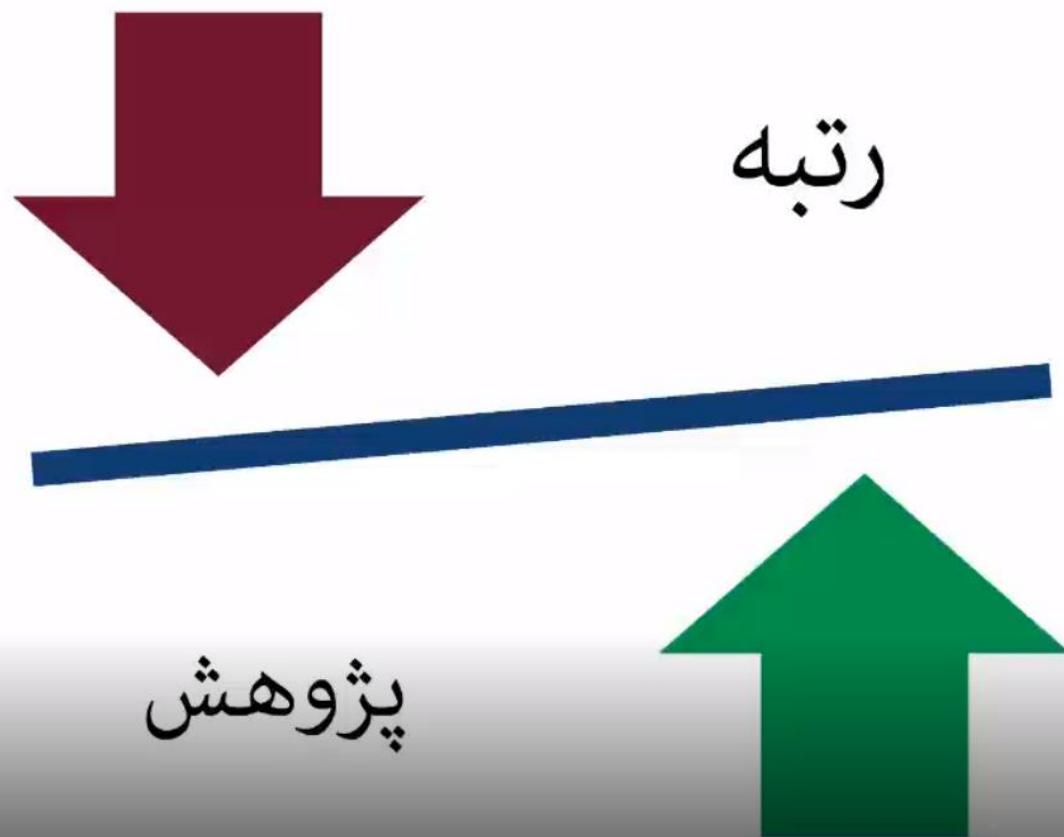
Business Plan for Your Research Process



1. **Preparing** your article
2. **Publishing** your article
3. **Promoting** your published article
4. **Monitoring** your article



پژوهش نقش کلیدی در رتبه بین المللی دانشگاه دارد، اما آن پژوهشی تعیین کننده است که **اثرگذار** باشد.



اساس نظام های پژوهشی موفق





سامانه علم بنجر دانشگاه های علوم پزشکی کشور



خوداستنادی دانشگاهی

عدم محاسبه:



همه سالها

فیلتر نام

رتبه	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی / سازمان	مقالات	استنادات	H-Index	H5-Index	استناد به ازای مقاله	خوداستنادی دانشگاهی	مقالات بین المللی (%)	مقالات بین المللی	مقالات %10 برتر Citiscore	مقالات %10 برتر SNIP	مقالات %10 برتر SJR
۱	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تهران	۴۶,۵۵۷	۵۰۵,۶۳۱	۱۶۳	۸۳	۱۰/۹۹	۱۷%	۱۸%	۸,۴۱۵	۴,۴۱۸	۲,۱۷۱	۳,۷۱۸
۲	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شهید بهشتی	۳۱,۷۳۹	۱۷۸,۰۷۱	۱۰۹	۵۷	۸/۲۵	۱۵%	۱۶%	۳,۴۵۳	۱,۹۶۵	۱,۰۰۶	۱,۸۱۴
۳	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شیراز	۱۳,۸۹۴	۱۱۱,۳۶۸	۸۳	۴۰	۸/۰۵	۱۴%	۱۳%	۱,۹۳۳	۱,۰۰۱	۵۱۱	۸۲۱
۴	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی اصفهان	۱۳,۰۴۰	۱۰۸,۳۴۷	۹۹	۴۵	۸/۳۸	۱۳%	۱۴%	۱,۸۴۵	۸۴۰	۵۰۵	۶۵۸
۵	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی ایران	۱۱,۷۹۴	۸۶,۶۹۸	۷۸	۵۴	۷/۴۷	۱۰%	۱۸%	۲,۱۶۴	۹۲۸	۴۳۹	۷۷۲
۶	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی مشهد	۱۱,۶۷۹	۱۱۰,۱۳۵	۹۲	۶۲	۹/۴۸	۲۰%	۲۰%	۲,۴۱۸	۱,۱۴۴	۴۷۷	۹۷۵



سامانه علم‌نخبر دانشگاه‌های علوم پزشکی کشور

خوداستنادی دانشگاهی

عدم محاسبه:



همه سال‌ها

فیلتر نام

رتبه	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی / سازمان	مقالات	استنادات	H-Index	H5-Index	استناد به ازای مقاله	خوداستنادی دانشگاهی	مقالات بین‌المللی (z)	مقالات بین‌المللی	مقالات 10٪ برتر Citiscore	مقالات 10٪ برتر SNIP	مقالات 10٪ برتر SJR
۱	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تهران	46,557	505,631	163	83	10/99	17%	18%	8,415	4,418	2,171	3,718
۲	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شهید بهشتی	21,739	178,071	109	57	8/25	15%	16%	3,453	1,965	1,006	1,814
۳	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شیراز	13,894	111,368	83	40	8/05	14%	13%	1,923	1,001	511	821
۴	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی مشهد	11,679	110,135	92	62	9/48	20%	20%	2,418	1,144	477	975
۵	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی اصفهان	13,040	108,347	99	45	8/38	13%	14%	1,845	840	505	658
۶	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تبریز	11,536	97,445	83	45	8/49	21%	20%	2,391	1,164	512	749
۷	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی ایران	11,794	86,698	78	54	7/47	10%	18%	2,164	928	439	772
۸	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی بقية الله (عج)	5,664	53,819	74	52	9/58	17%	15%	855	478	213	327



سامانه علم بنجر دانشگاه های علوم پزشکی کشور

خوداستنادی دانشگاهی

عدم محاسبه:



همه سال ها

فیلتر نام

رتبه	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی / سازمان	مقالات	استنادات	H-Index	H5-Index	استناد به ازای مقاله	خوداستنادی دانشگاهی	مقالات بین المللی (%)	مقالات بین المللی	مقالات 10٪ برتر Citiscore	مقالات 10٪ برتر SNIP	مقالات 10٪ برتر SJR
۱	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تهران	۴۶,۵۵۷	۵۰۵,۶۳۱	۱۶۳	۸۳	۱۰/۹۹	۱۷٪	۸,۴۱۵	۴,۴۱۸	۲,۱۷۱	۳,۷۱۸	
۲	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شهید بهشتی	۲۱,۷۳۹	۱۷۸,۰۷۱	۱۰۹	۵۷	۸/۲۵	۱۵٪	۳,۴۵۳	۱,۹۶۵	۱,۰۰۶	۱,۸۱۴	
۳	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی اصفهان	۱۳,۰۴۰	۱۰۸,۳۴۷	۹۹	۴۵	۸/۳۸	۱۳٪	۱,۸۴۵	۸۴۰	۵۰۵	۶۵۸	
۴	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی مشهد	۱۱,۶۷۹	۱۱۰,۱۳۵	۹۲	۶۲	۹/۴۸	۲۰٪	۲,۴۱۸	۱,۱۴۴	۴۷۷	۹۷۵	
۵	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شیراز	۱۳,۸۹۴	۱۱۱,۳۶۸	۸۳	۴۰	۸/۰۵	۱۴٪	۱,۹۲۳	۱,۰۰۱	۵۱۱	۸۲۱	
۵	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تبریز	۱۱,۵۳۶	۹۷,۴۴۵	۸۳	۴۵	۸/۴۹	۲۱٪	۲,۳۹۱	۱,۱۶۴	۵۱۲	۷۴۹	
۶	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی ایران	۱۱,۷۹۴	۸۶,۶۹۸	۷۸	۵۴	۷/۴۷	۱۰٪	۲,۱۶۴	۹۲۸	۴۳۹	۷۷۲	
۷	ستاد مرکزی وزارت بهداشت، درمان و آموزش پزشکی	۲,۳۲۳	۳۶,۴۷۸	۷۵	۳۱	۱۵/۹۴	۸٪	۴۵۲	۲۰۷	۱۱۷	۱۸۹	



سامانه علم‌سنجی دانشگاه‌های علوم پزشکی کشور

جمهوری اسلامی ایران
وزارت بهداشت، درمان و آموزش پزشکی
معاونت تحقیقات و فناوری

عدم محاسبه: خوداستنادی دانشگاهی

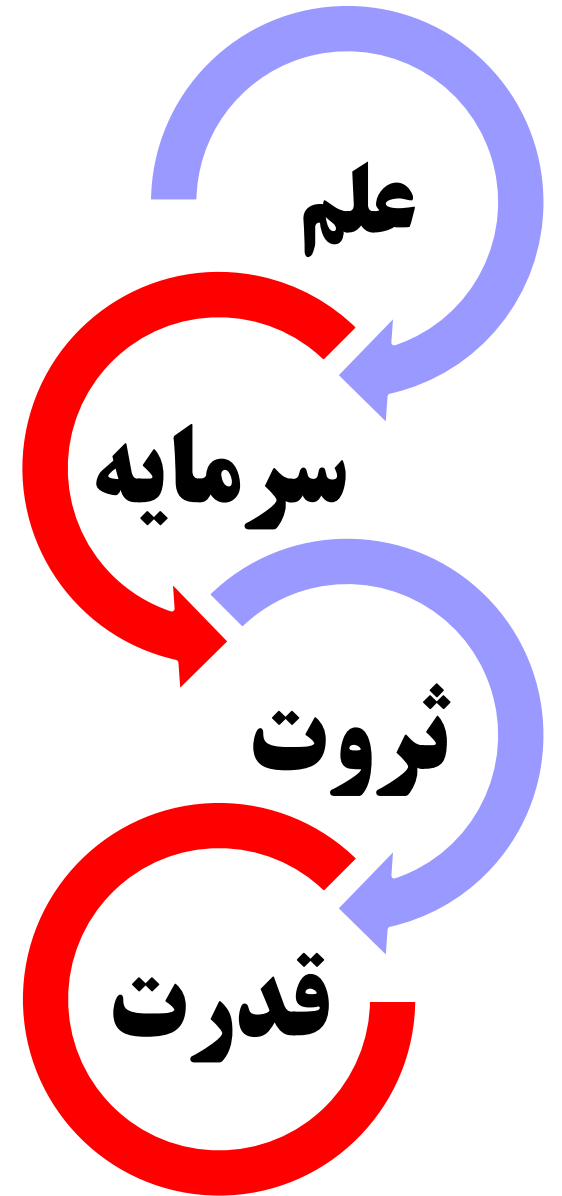


همه سال‌ها

فیلتر نام

رتبه	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی / سازمان	مقالات	استنادات	H-Index	H5-Index	استناد به ازای مقاله	خوداستنادی دانشگاهی	مقالات بین‌المللی (%)	مقالات بین‌المللی	مقالات 10٪ برتر Citiscore	مقالات 10٪ برتر SNIP	مقالات 10٪ برتر SJR
۱	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تهران	۴۶,۵۵۷	۵۰۵,۶۳۱	۱۶۳	۸۳	۱۰/۹۹	۱۷٪	۱۸٪	۸,۴۱۵	۴,۴۱۸	۲,۱۷۱	۳,۷۱۸
۲	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شهید بهشتی	۲۱,۷۳۹	۱۷۸,۰۷۱	۱۰۹	۵۷	۸/۲۵	۱۵٪	۱۶٪	۳,۴۵۳	۱,۹۶۵	۱,۰۰۶	۱,۸۱۴
۳	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی مشهد	۱۱,۶۷۹	۱۱۰,۱۳۵	۹۲	۶۲	۹/۴۸	۲۰٪	۲۰٪	۲,۴۱۸	۱,۱۴۴	۴۷۷	۹۷۵
۴	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی تبریز	۱۱,۵۳۶	۹۷,۴۴۵	۸۳	۴۵	۸/۴۹	۲۱٪	۲۰٪	۲,۳۹۱	۱,۱۶۴	۵۱۲	۷۴۹
۵	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی ایران	۱۱,۷۹۴	۸۶,۶۹۸	۷۸	۵۴	۷/۴۷	۱۰٪	۱۸٪	۲,۱۶۴	۹۲۸	۴۳۹	۷۷۲
۶	دانشگاه علوم پزشکی شیراز	۱۳,۸۹۴	۱۱۱,۳۶۸	۸۳	۴۰	۸/۰۵	۱۴٪	۱۳٪	۱,۹۲۳	۱,۰۰۱	۵۱۱	۸۲۱

F
G **O** **A** **L** **S**
C
U
S



گستره علم و اثرش

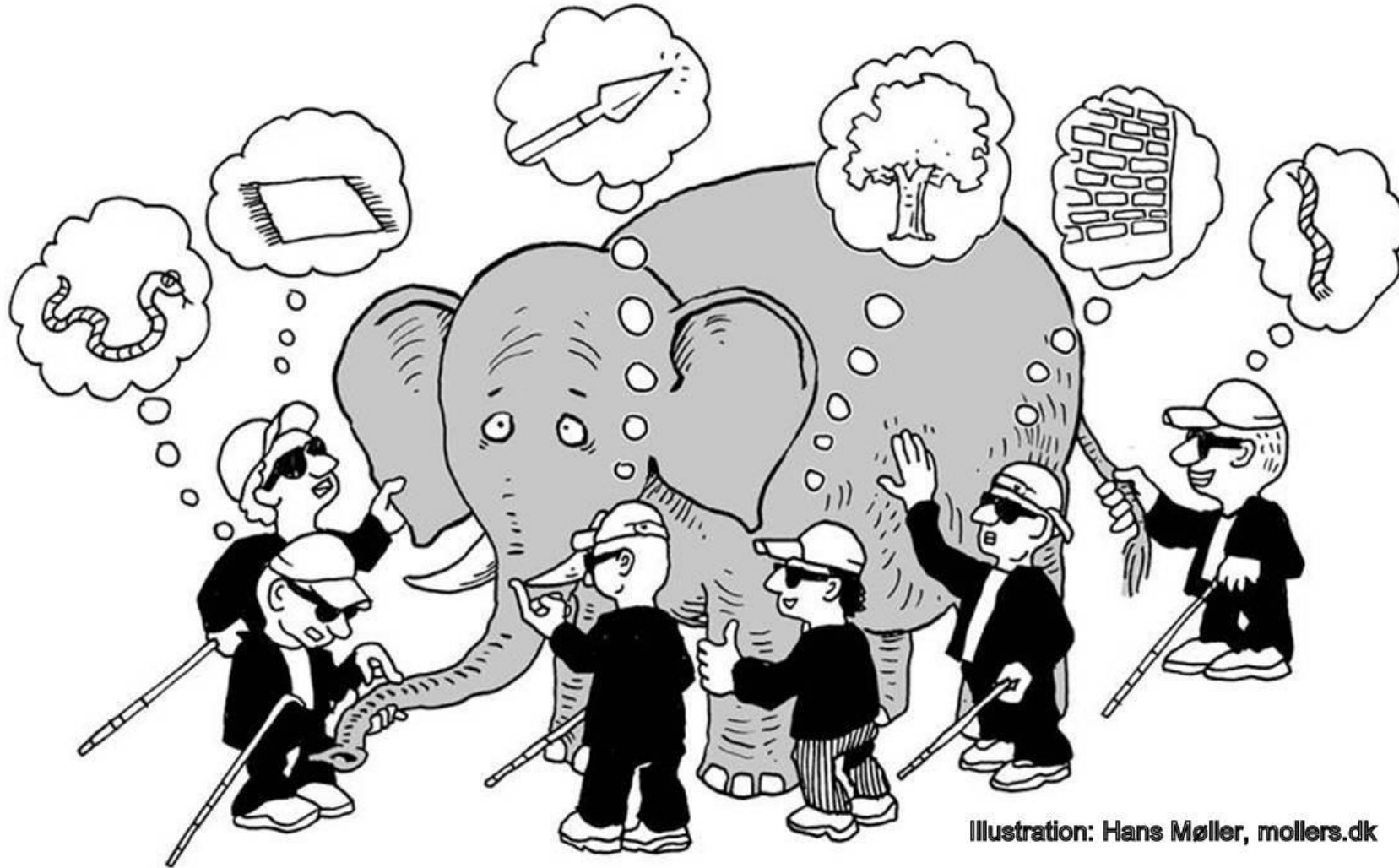
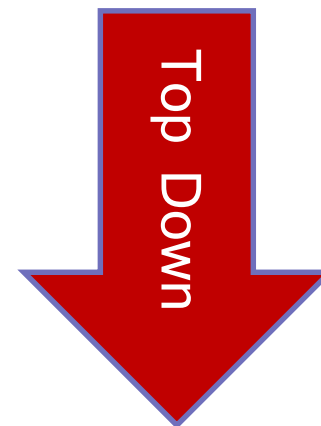
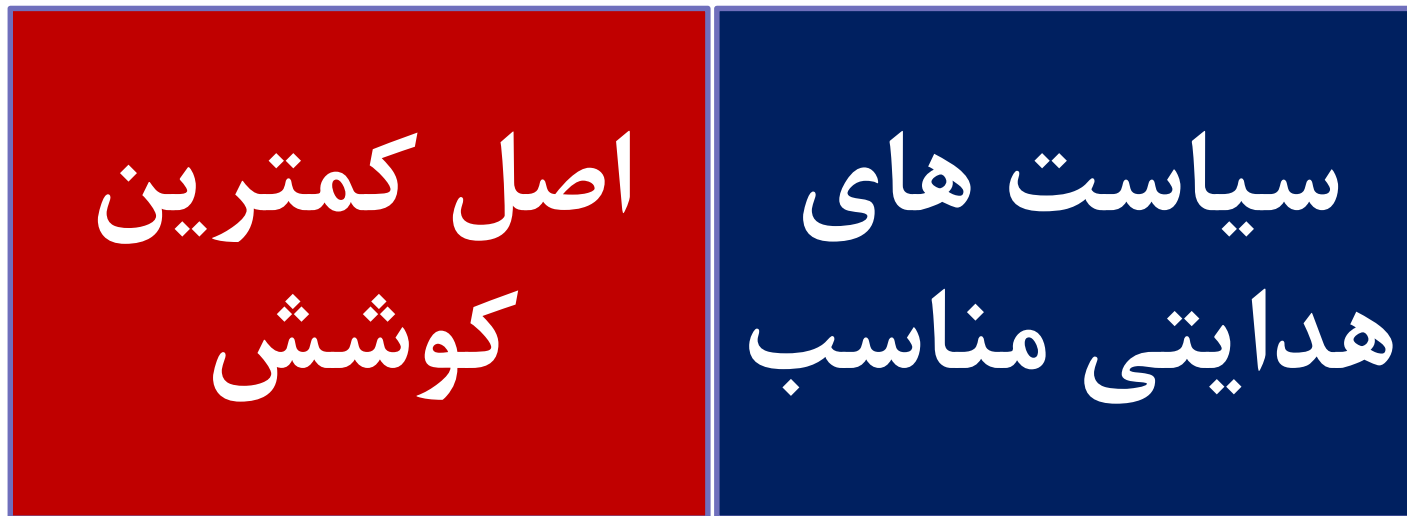
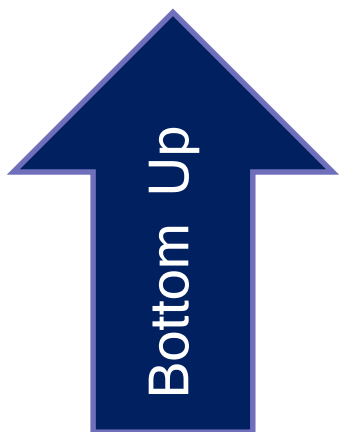


Illustration: Hans Møller, mollers.dk

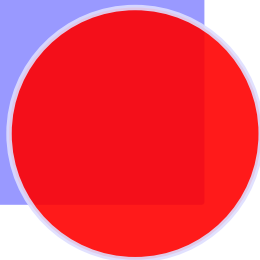
حرکت در جهت ارتقا دانشگاه





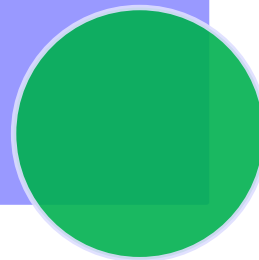
• سرمایه گذاری بر
بهترین نقاط

هوشمندانه



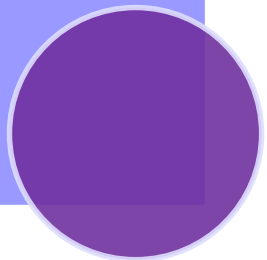
• تمرکز بر خطوط
تحقیقاتی

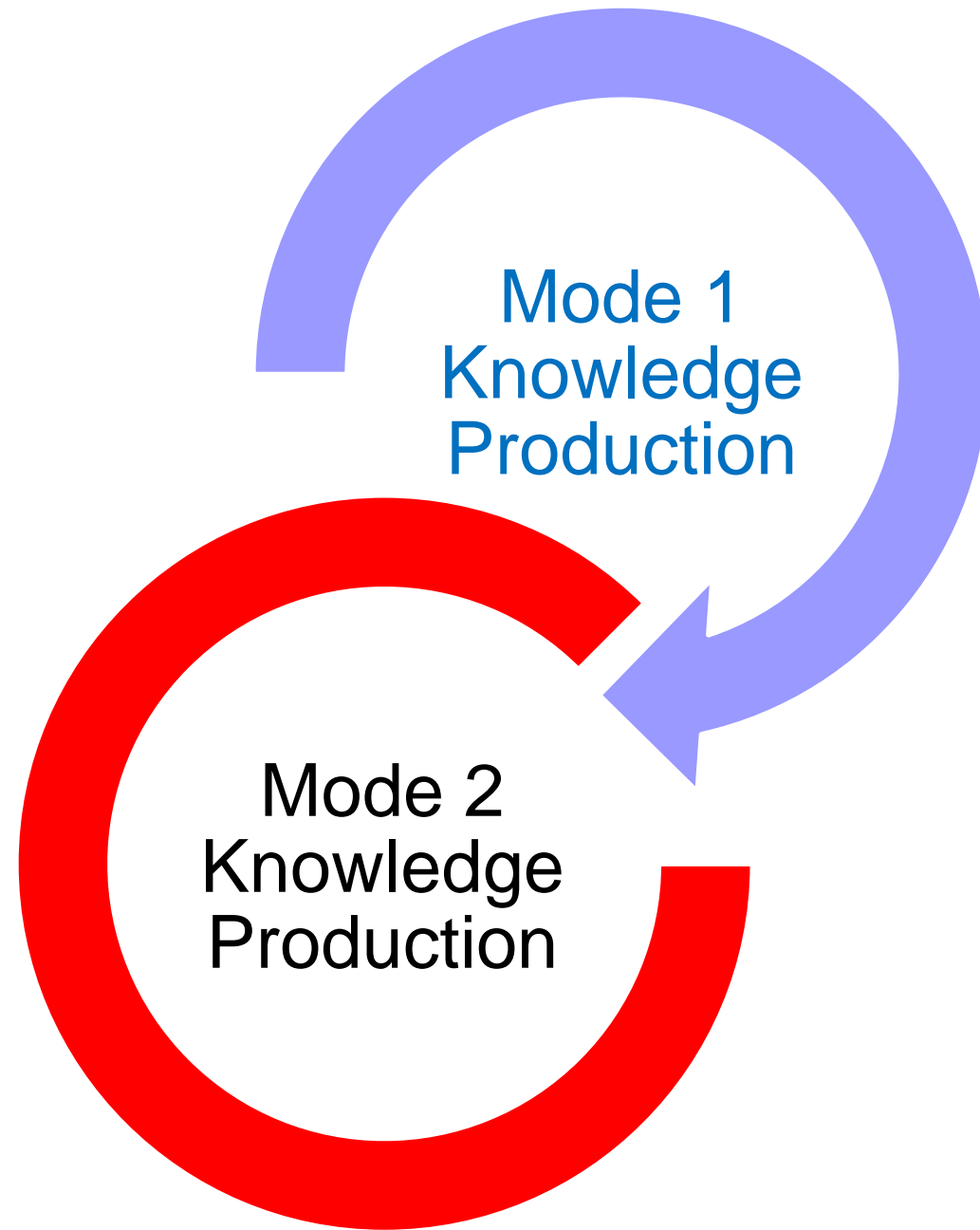
هدفمند



• بکارگیری ابزارهای
پشتیبان پژوهش

نظامند





Mode 1 Knowledge Production

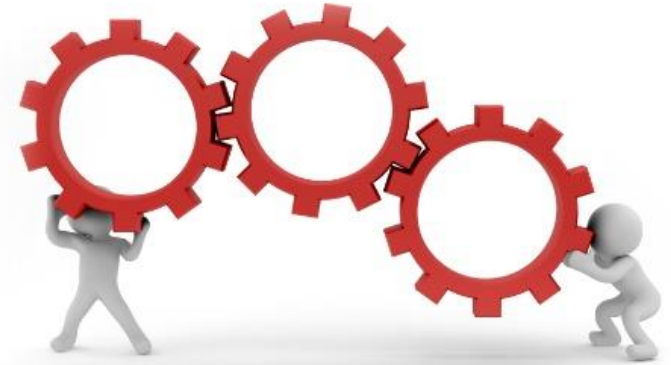


علم تیم های
تحقیقاتی



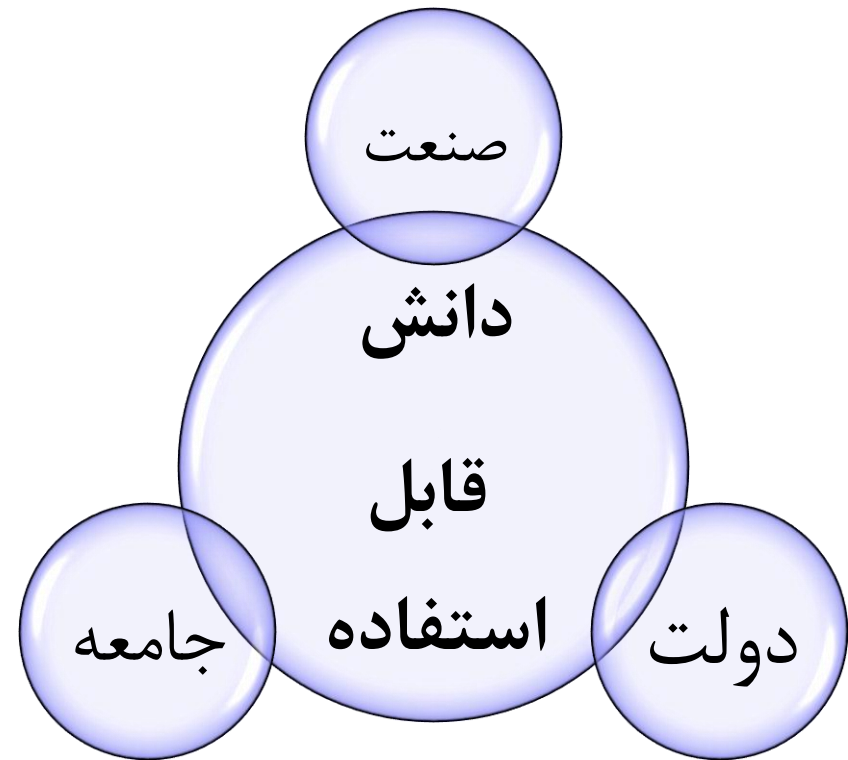
شبکه سازی در علم

$$1 + 1 = 3$$



مزایای تحقیقات گروهی

Mode 2 Knowledge Production



آموزش محور

پژوهش محور

اثرگذاری اجتماعی
و اقتصادی و...

1945

1994

Mode 2 Knowledge Production

پژوهش های فرارشته ای
Transdisciplinarity

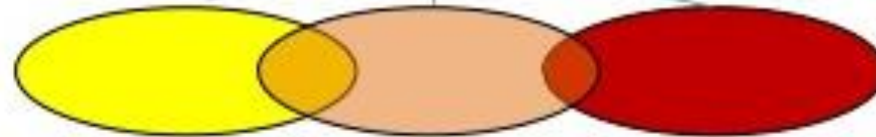
پژوهش های بین رشته ای
Interdisciplinary



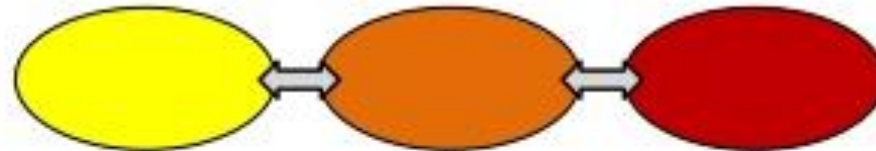
Transdisciplinary



Interdisciplinary



Multidisciplinary



Separate disciplines



دانشگاه های ایران در نظام رتبه بندی

پژوهش

فناوری

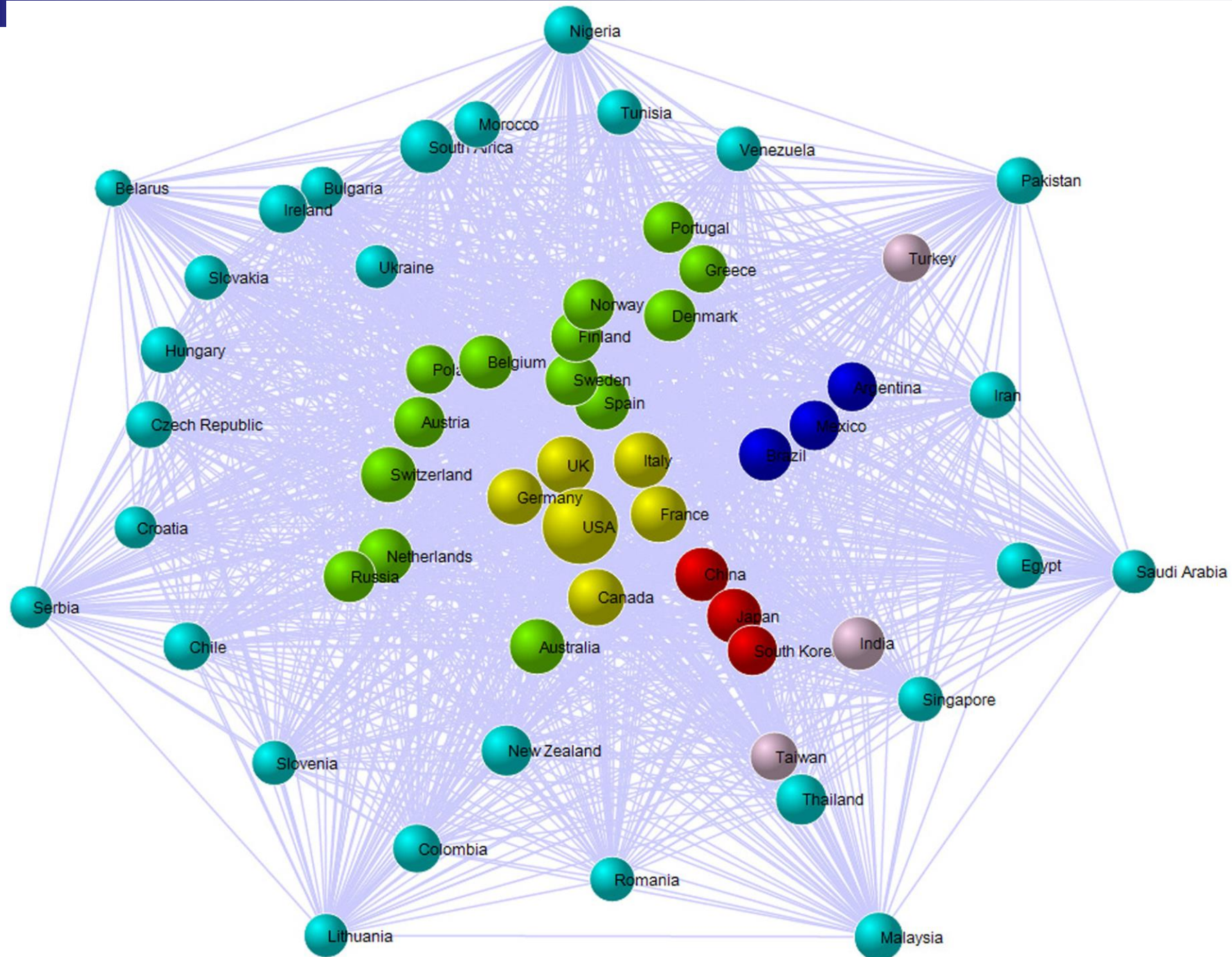
آموزش



ابزار و اطلاعات برای پشتیبانی پژوهشگر و تحقیقات

متناسب با علایق، توانائی ها و شرایط محیطی تمرکز بر چه حوزه های به تولید
فناوری خواهد انجامید؟





تحقیقات گروهی

افزایش کیفیت تحقیقات

افزایش اثرگذاری تحقیقات

فعالیت به صورت گروه تحقیقاتی با دانشگاه
های برتر لزوما در بلند مدت سودمند نیست

یافتن همکاران
بالقوه متناسب
با علایق
پژوهشی

اندازه گروه های تحقیقاتی
در حال بزرگتر شدن
است

متشکل از پژوهشگران

بین دانشگاهی

بین کشوری

به طور متوسط با افزایش
اندازه گروه های تحقیقاتی
اثرگذاری تحقیقات نیز
افزایش می یابد

ترکیب صحیح یک گروه تحقیقاتی شرط لازم
برای افزایش کیفیت و اثرگذاری

پژوهشگران برتر در طول زمان شبکه تعاملات
علمی شان را گسترش و آن را مستحکم می نمایند

Mapping World Scientific Collaboration: Authors, Institutions, and Countries

Mapping World Scientific Collaborations: Authors, Institutions, and Countries

By: [Gazni, A](#) ([Gazni, A](#))

[View ResearcherID](#)

JOURNAL OF THE A

Volume: 63 Issue:

DOI: 10.1002/asi.210

Published: FEB 201

[View Journal Inform](#)

Abstract

International collabora
landscape and trends
provide a state-of-the
teams have not signif
terms of composition,
collaboration. Investig
Western countries sit
collaborative than oth

Keywords

KeyWords Plus: INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATION; CO-AUTHORSHIP; SCIENCES; COOPERATION; NETWORKS; PATTERNS; CITATION; PUBLICATIONS; COAUTHORSHIP; PERIPHERY

Citation Network

ed

ferences

Records

[Citation Map](#)

[Citation Alert](#)

of Science™ Core Collection

[Cited Counts](#)

[ases](#)

[Science Core Collection](#)

[Citation Index](#)


[Science Citation](#)

[Citation Index](#)

[Science Citation Index](#)

[Citation Index](#)

اندازه گروه های تحقیقاتی
1) بین پژوهشگران
2) بین دانشگاهی
3) بین کشوری
در حال افزایش است.

 Highly Cited Paper

Investigating different types of research collaboration and citation impact: a case study of Harvard University's publications

WEB OF SCIENCE™

Search

Return to Search Results

Article
Link

Look Up Full Text



Save to EndNote online

Add to Marked List

Investigating different types of research collaboration and citation impact: a case study of Harvard University's publications

By:

SCIE

Volu

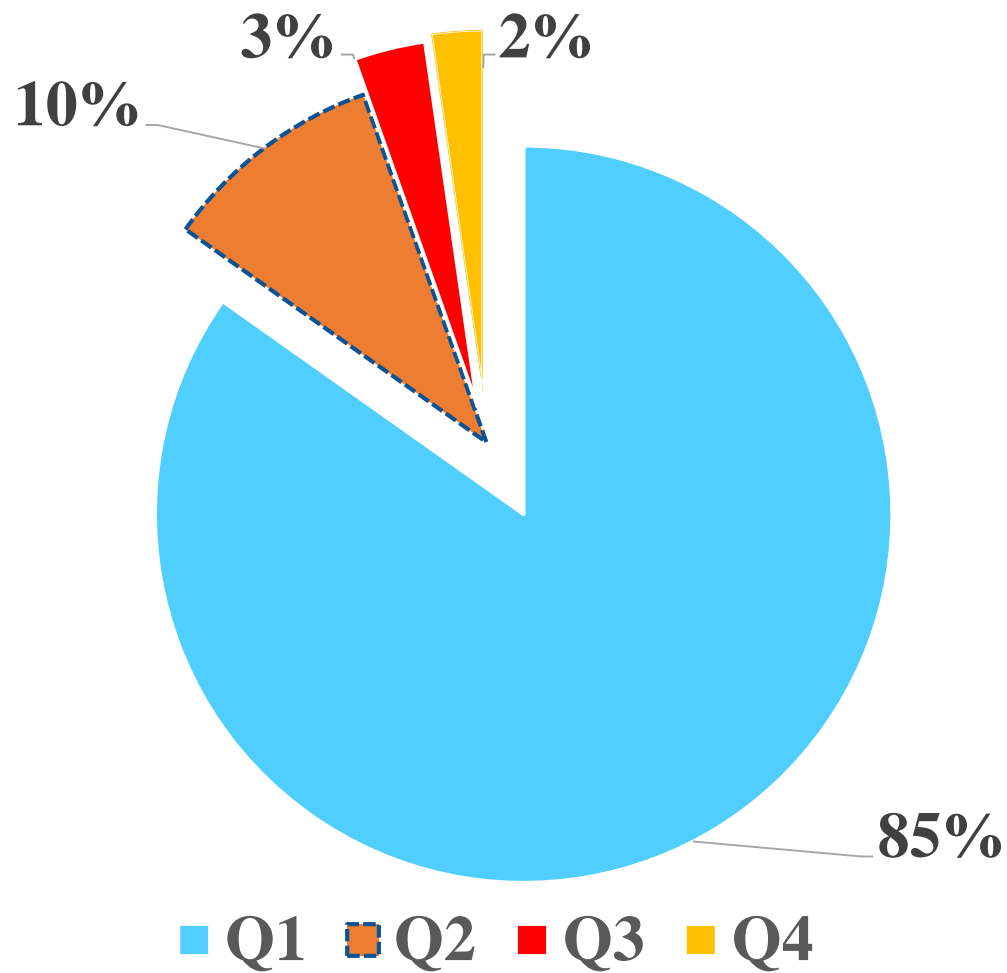
DOI:

Pub

View

به طور متوسط با افزایش اندازه گروه های تحقیقاتی در هر تحقیق، اثرگذاری آن تحقیق نیز بیشتر می شود.

توزیع مقالات ۱٪ برتر در بین نشریات با ضرایب تاثیر مختلف



طبقه اثرگذاری نشریه

تأثیر مجله بر میزان اثرگذاری مقاله

- به طور متوسط انتشار ۱ مقاله در نشریات **چارک اول** برابر است با :
 - انتشار ۲ مقاله در نشریات **چارک دوم**
 - انتشار ۳ مقاله در نشریات **چارک سوم**
 - انتشار ۵ مقاله در نشریات **چارک چهارم**

راه حل های ارتقا جایگاه دانشگاه
- افزایش مرجعیت علمی دانشگاه

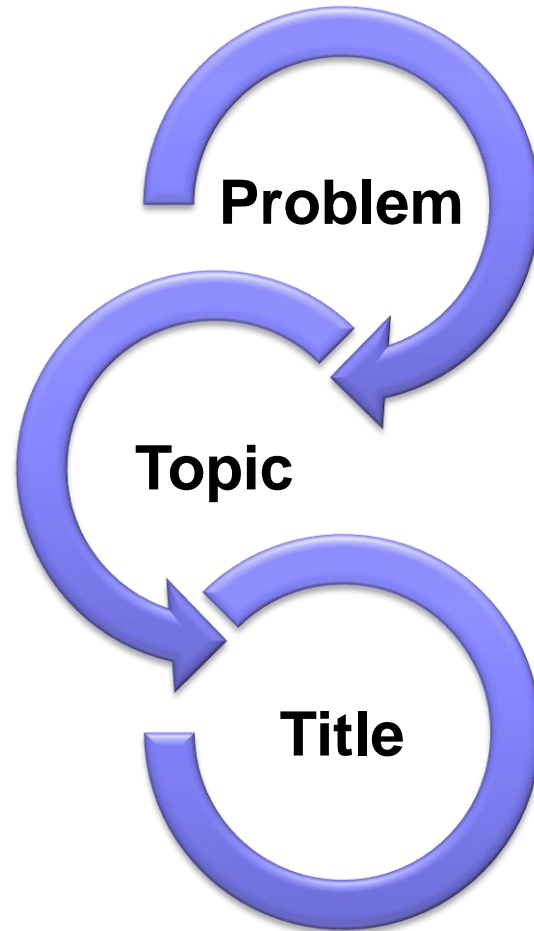
▶ افزایش تعداد استناد به مقالات دانشگاه از سرمایه گذاری بر روی شریان اصلی
علم به جای حاشیه علم

The Research Priority Setting have **Gap** with Ideal Setting (Sources-Priority)



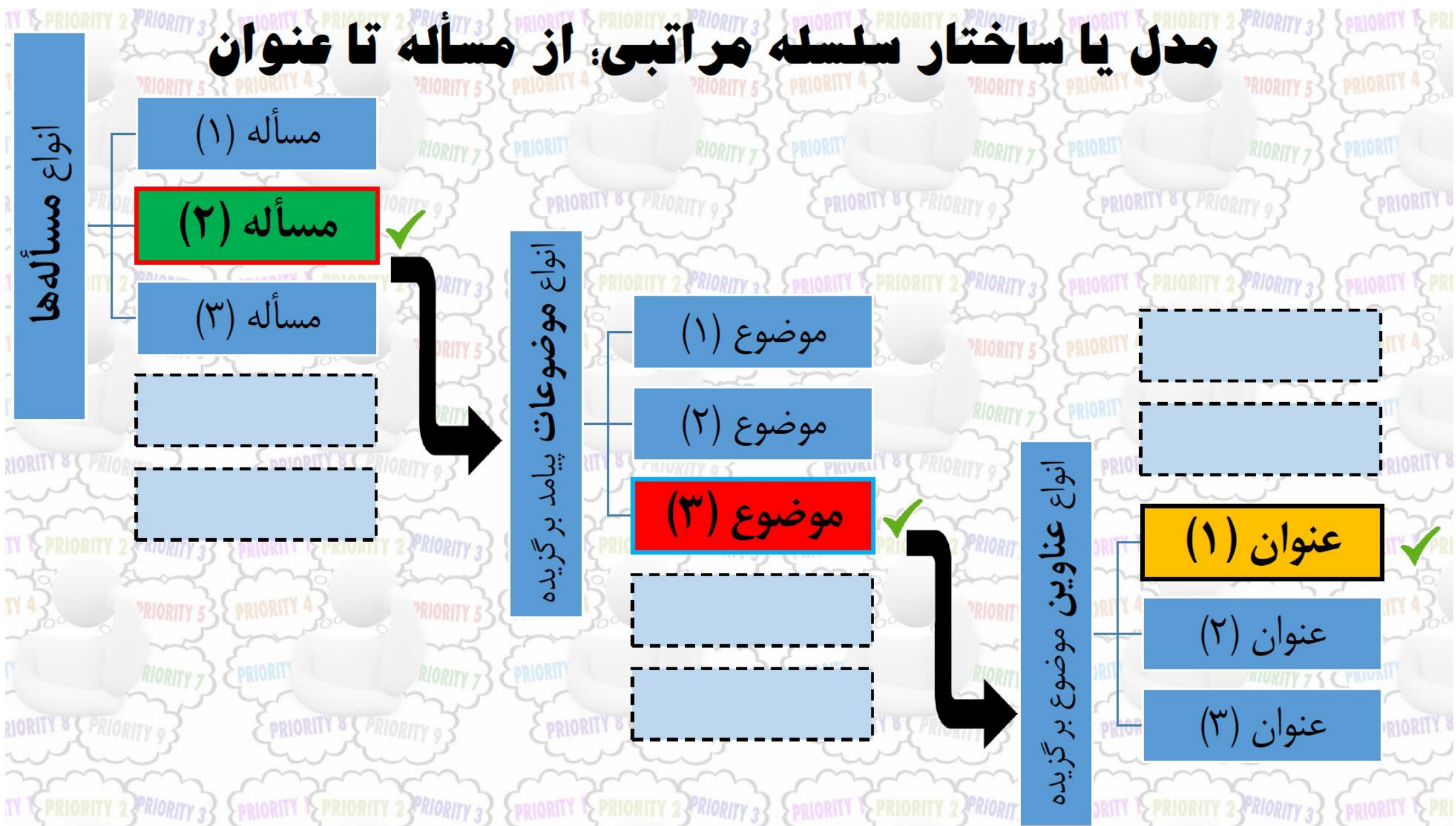
Research Management Cycle

Priority Setting





مدل یا ساختار سلسله مراتبی: از مسأله تا عنوان



مدل سلسله هراتبی: از مسأله تا عنوان. مثال ۲ (مدیریت)

مسأله‌ها (مدیریت منابع انسانی دولتی)

دانش اندک در مورد مبانی و راهکارهای مدیریت نوین

دگی شغلی

بخشهای
سی

Best Practice / Hot Topics

پیمایش وضعیت فرسودگی شغلی
به تفکیک سطوح ستادی و صف ✓

ارزیابی سریع وضعیت فرسودگی
شغلی در صنایع دولتی ۳ استان
کشور

مطالعه موردی وضعیت فرسودگی
شغلی در دو شرکت / سازمان

وضعیت فرسودگی

تعریف موضوعات داغ / جذاب (Hot Topic)

✓ واژه Hot Topic(s) یا عناوین جذاب در دیکشنریهای لاتین، اینگونه تعریف شده است:

- هر موضوع یا مبحثی که در رابطه با آن بحثها و محاورات زیادی صورت گیرد، بخصوص موضوعاتی که دارای نظریات ضد و نقیض (Controversy) باشند، «موضوعات یا مباحث داغ یا جذاب» نامیده میشوند.

✓ امروزه «عناوین جذاب / داغ» را بر اساس این شاخصهای کمی، مورد ارزیابی قرار میدهند:

- فراوانی واژه / واژگان مورد استفاده در متن مقالات / گزارشها
- شاخصهای استنادی (Citation) به این واژگان

✓ همچنین متدولوژیها و روشهای آماری برای تشخیص یا پیدا نمودن این عناوین در علوم مختلف، موضوعات مختلف و ... بکار گرفته میشود.

تعریف موضوعات داغ / جذاب (Hot Topic)

✓ از منظر عملیاتی و کاربردی، Hot Topics یا «عنوان / عناوین جذاب / داغ»، به پژوهشها یا مقالاتی اطلاق میگردد که حداقل دارای یکی از ویژگیها یا معیارهای زیر باشند:

- موضوعات و مباحث جدیدی که هنوز مباحث زیادی پیرامون آن صورت نگرفته است.
- موضوعات یا مباحث دارای کنتراورسی (نظرات ضد و نقیض) یا ناهمخوانی (عدم تایید نتایج یکدیگر)
- مباحثی که از طرف مجامع علمی، بعنوان موضوعاتی که میتوان برای آنها مناظره (Debate) برگزار نمود، معرفی میشوند.
- مباحث و موضوعاتی که در مرزهای دانش (Cutting Edge) طبقه بندی میگردند.
- مقالاتی که در سه سال اخیر، منتشر شده و دارای شاخص «تاثیر پژوهش» یا Research Impact بالاتر از حد انتظار، باشد.

الگوی نهایی دستیابی به هدف

احتمال انتخاب
موضوع مناسب

FOCUS GOALS



بهره‌گیری از پایگاه‌های استنادی در انتخاب موضوعات برتر

- بررسی روند تحقیقات در موضوع مورد نظر در etc, Science of Web, Scopus
- بررسی کردن علایق پژوهشی اساتید برجسته حوزه (بر حسب آثار و شاخص اچ Index-H)
- بررسی مجلات مهم حوزه
- اهمیت به کارگیری پایگاه های استنادی برای شناخت موضوعات برتر

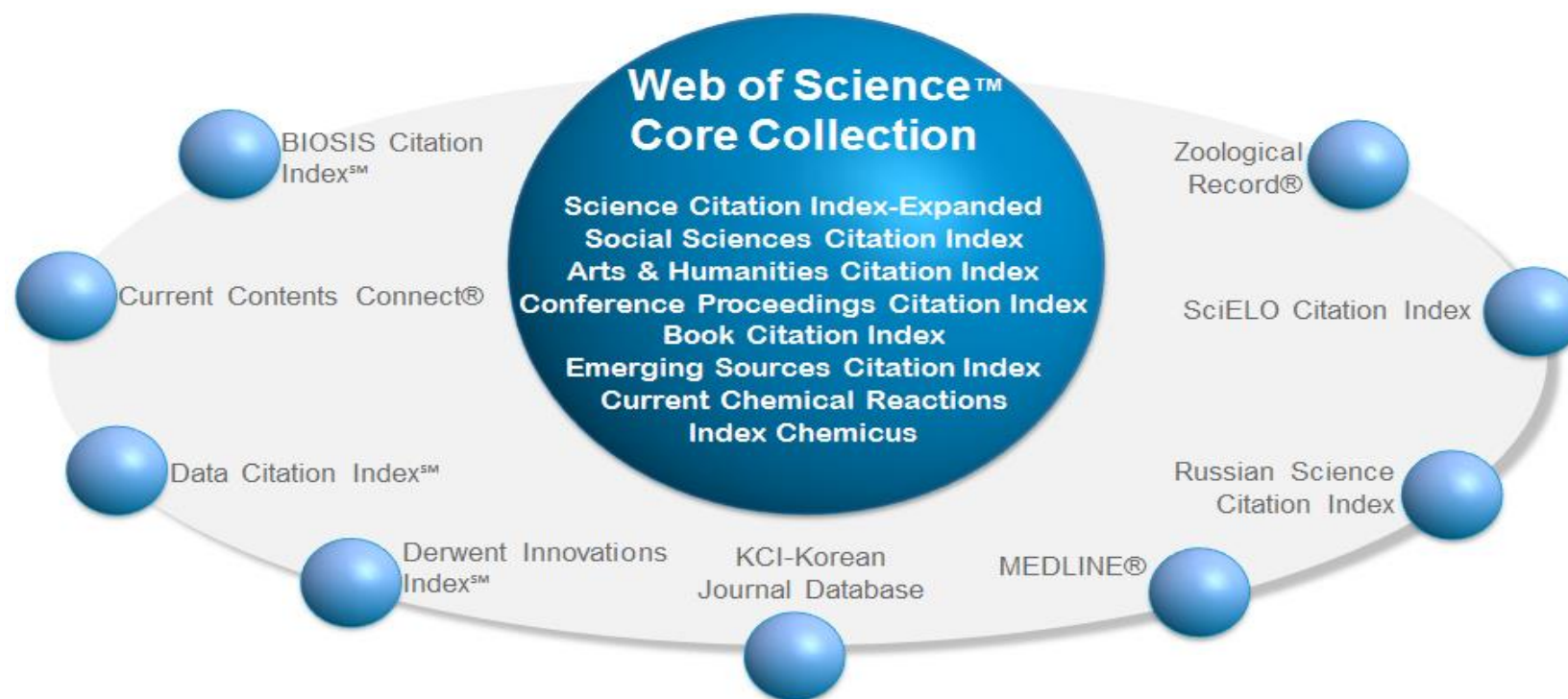


Citation Databases

- Web of Science
- Scopus
- Google Scholar

Web of Science

- Web of Science is a platform consisting of several literature search databases designed to support scientific and scholarly research.





Web of Science

Service provider

- Clarivate Analytics (before Thomson Reuters and ISI)

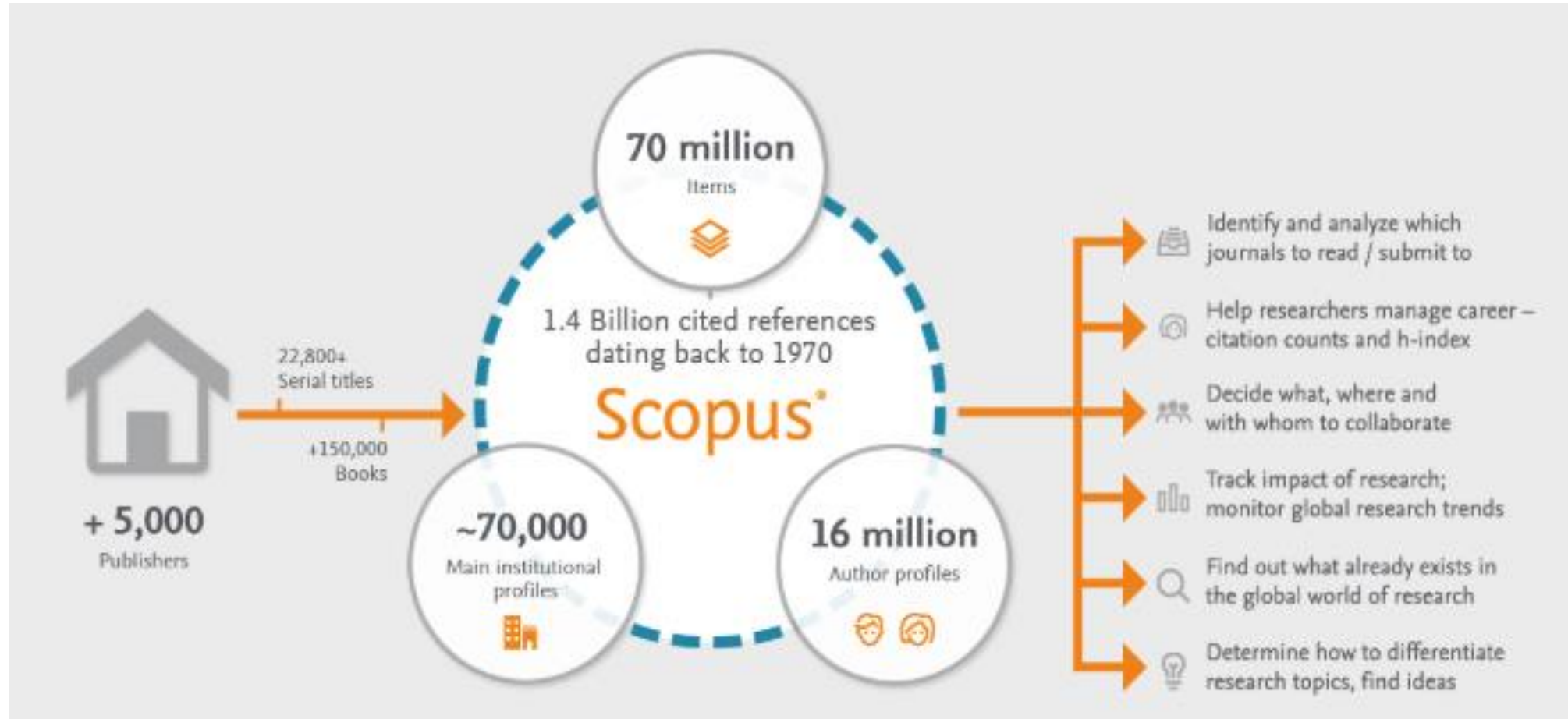
Content

- Contains citation data of more than 10 000 of the most cited, peer reviewed journals.
- About 8000 journals on natural sciences and 2600 on social sciences.

Web of Knowledge comprises three parts

- **Web of Science** (user interface for searching),
- **Journal Citation Reports index** (evaluating the impact factor of journals)
- **Essential Science Indicators** (e.g. evaluations by researchers and research institutes based on citations).

Scopus





Scopus

General information

- Multidisciplinary database for abstracts and citations

Service provider

- Elsevier

Content

- Contains about 21 500 scientific journals from more than 5000 publishers.
- Includes also about 4200 Open Access-journals, 7,2 million conference publications, 360 trade journals and 113 000 books.
- Citations from 1996



Google Scholar

General information

- Search engine, searches for data in scientific sources on the web
- Use the Publish or Perish program to analyze Google Scholar's citation data more thoroughly.

Service provider

- Google

Content

- The search results include theses, presentations, books, abstracts, conference papers and articles produced by academic publishers, institutions, universities and other scientific organizations

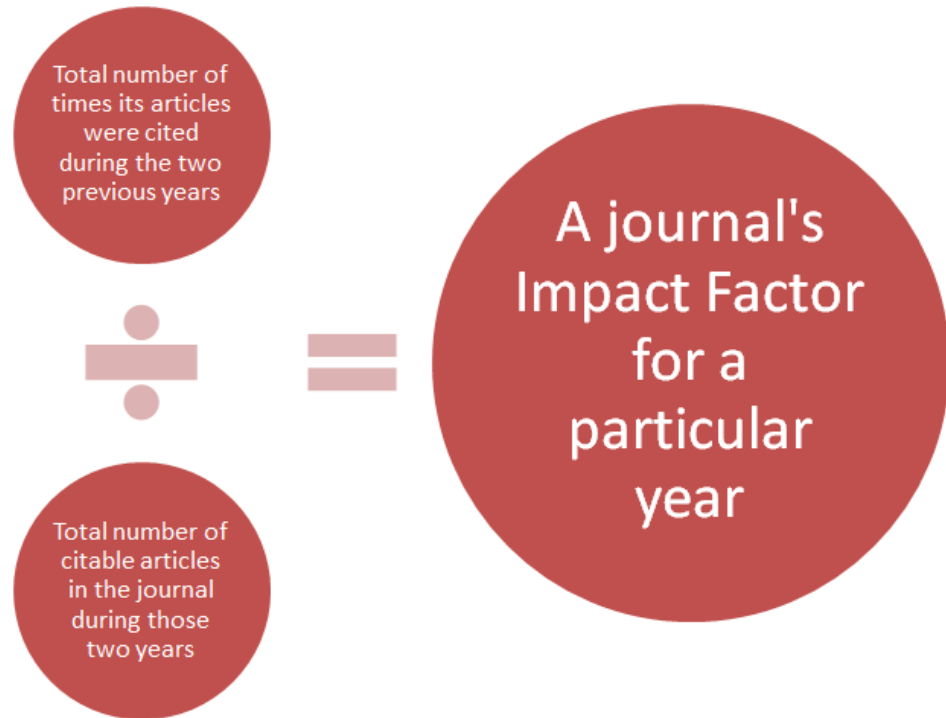
شاخص های سنجش پژوهش در پایگاه های استنادی

- شاخص های علم سنجی فردی و سازمانی
- شاخص های ارزیابی نشریات
- شاخص های ارزیابی مقالات

شاخص های ارزیابی نشریات

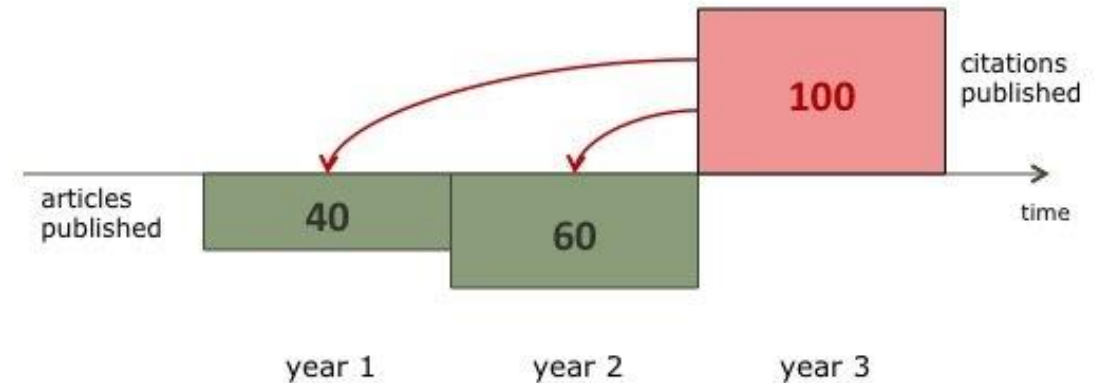
- Impact Factor (**ISI**)
- CiteScore (**SCOPUS**)
- SJR: SCImago Journal Rank (**SCOPUS**)
- SNIP: Source-Normalized Impact per Paper (**SCOPUS**)
- Journals Quartile(Q) (**ISI -SCOPUS**)

Impact Factor



The Impact Factor

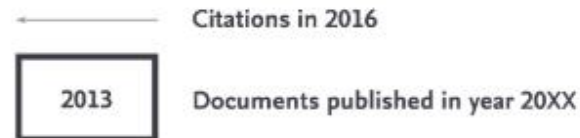
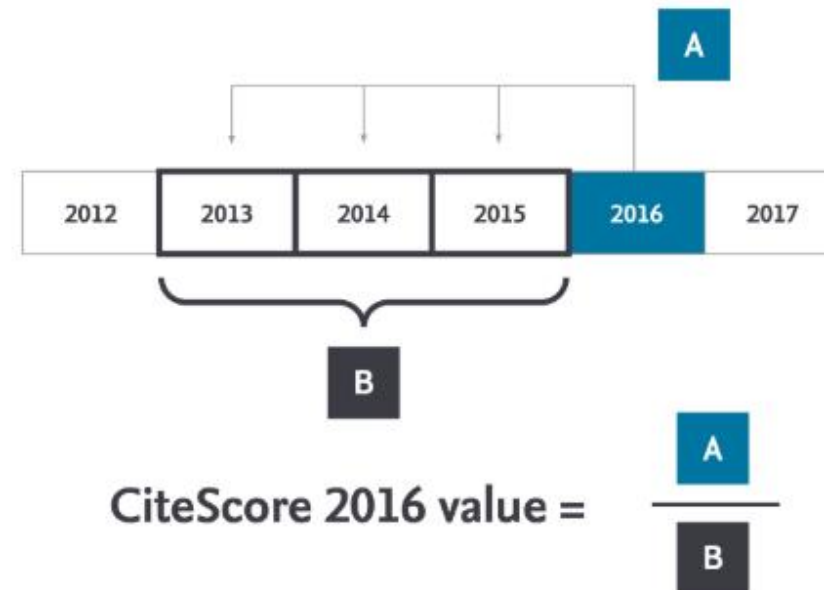
Introduced in 1950's by Eugene Garfield: ISI



$$IF(\text{year } 3) = 100 / 40 + 60 = 1$$

CiteScore

CiteScore calculates the average number of citations received in a calendar year by all items published in that journal in the preceding three years. The calendar year to which a serial title's issues are assigned is determined by their cover dates, and not the dates that the serial issues were made available online.



SCImago Journal Rank (SJR)

- SJR measures journal's prestige by taking into account.
 - ✓ the number of citations received by a journal
 - ✓ the prestige of the journals where the citations come from (based on the SJR score).
 - ✓ For example, if both journals A and B receive the same number of citations, the SJR indicator of Journal A is higher, if its citations come from more prestigious journals than journal B's.
- The journal self-citations discount the indicator value.

SCImago Journal Rank (SJR)



SCIMAGO JOURNAL RANK (SJR)

average # of weighted citations received in a year

of documents published in previous 3 years

Citations are weighted – worth more or less – depending on the source they come from. The subject field, quality and reputation of the journal have a direct effect on the value of a citation. Can be applied to journals, book series and conference proceedings.

Calculated by Scimago Lab (<http://www.scimagojr.com>) based on Scopus data.

<https://libraryconnect.elsevier.com/metrics>

Source-Normalized Impact per Paper (SNIP)

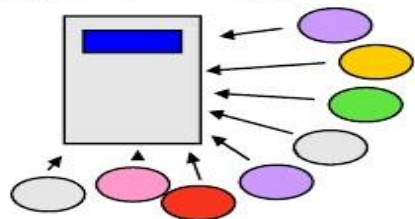
- SNIP measures a source's contextual citation impact. It takes into account **the characteristics of the source's subject field**.
- SNIP is calculated based on the citation data of the Elsevier's Scopus database over a period of 3 years.

Source-Normalized Impact per Paper (SNIP)

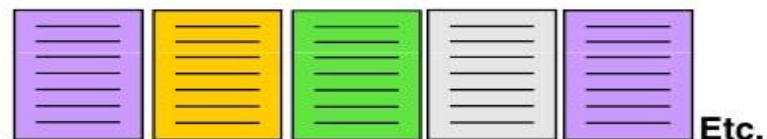
Source Normalized Impact per Paper - SNIP

Calculate 'Citation Potential' for 2009

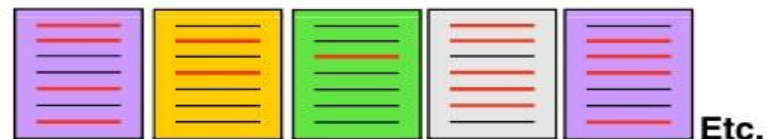
1. Collect papers citing 1-3 year old papers in target journal in 2009



2. Collect reference lists of citing papers



3. Count number of references in citing papers to any (in any journal) 1-3 year old papers



4. Citation Potential = average number of references to any 1-3 year old papers

SNIP = 2009 Impact / 2009 Citation Potential

- Life Sciences – high impact, high Citation Potential
- Arts & Humanities – low impact, low Citation Potential

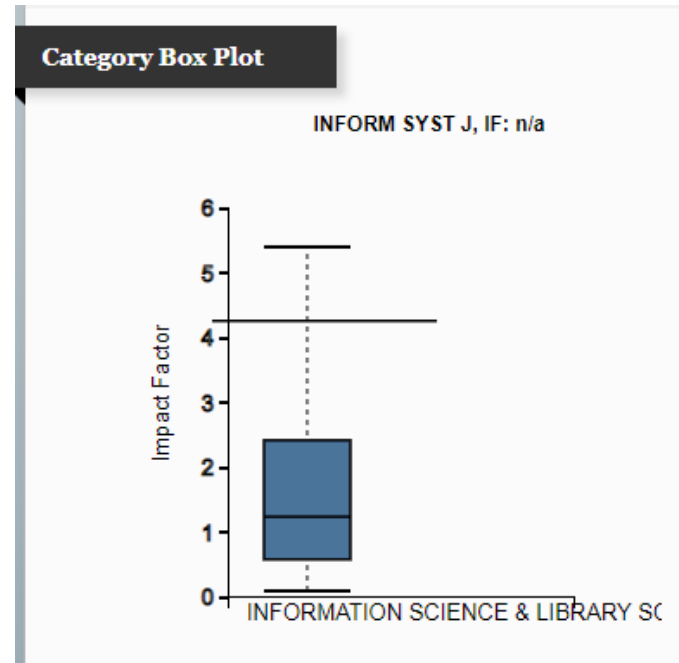
Normalize for differences in citation behaviour between subject fields

Journals Quartile(Q)

JIF Quartile(in WOS):

A journal's quartile ranking is determined by comparing a journal to others in its JCR category **based on Impact Factor score**. If a journal falls in Q1, it means that the journal performs better than at least 75% of journals in that category, based on its Impact Factor score.

Source Data			
Rank			
Cited Journal Data			
Citing Journal Data			
Box Plot			
Journal Relationships			
JCR Impact Factor			
INFORMATION SCIENCE & LIBRARY SCIENCE			
JCR Year	Rank	Quartile	JIF Percentile
2017	6/88	Q1	93.750
2016	3/85	Q1	97.059
2015	10/86	Q1	88.953
2014	16/85	Q1	81.765
2013	24/84	Q2	72.024
2012	22/85	Q2	74.706
2011	11/83	Q1	87.349
2010	10/77	Q1	87.662
2009	20/66	Q2	70.455
2008	5/61	Q1	92.623
2007	10/56	Q1	83.036
2006	8/53	Q1	85.849
2005	23/55	Q2	59.091
2004	21/54	Q2	62.037
2003	27/55	Q2	51.818
2002	41/55	Q3	26.364
2001	43/55	Q4	22.727



Journals Quartile(Q)

Quartile(in Scopus):

Quartiles are bands of serial titles that have been grouped together because they occupy a similar position within their subject categories. The quartiles are:

- Quartile 1: serial titles in 99-75th percentiles
- Quartile 2: serial titles in 74-50th percentiles
- Quartile 3: serial titles in 49-25th percentiles
- Quartile 4: serial titles in 24-0th percentiles

A title might have a different quartile within each different subject area it is included in. For example, Serial Title A might be categorized in "Oncology", with a **CiteScore** percentile of 84%, and "Cancer Research", with a CiteScore percentile of 73%. These percentiles equate to Quartile 1 and Quartile 2 respectively.

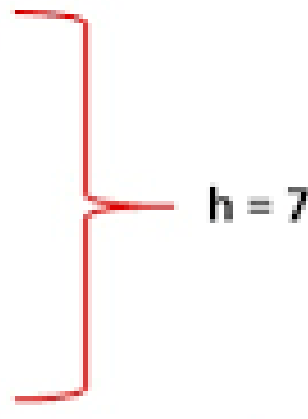
شاخص های علم سنجی فردی و سازمانی

- H-Index (ISI- SCOPUS- Google Scholar)

H-Index

A researcher has an h-index, if he/she has at least h publications for which he/she has received at least h citations. For example, Researcher A has an h-index = 13 if he/she has published at least 13 documents for which he/she has received at least 13 citations.

Paper	Number of citations
Paper 1	101
Paper 2	86
Paper 3	77
Paper 4	56
Paper 5	16
Paper 6	12
Paper 7	8
Paper 8	4
Paper 9	4
Paper 10	1





H-Index

How do I calculate (my) h-index?

- In WOS
- In Scopus
- In Google Scholar

H-Index(In WOS)

Tools ▾ Searches and alerts ▾ Search History Marked List

Sort by: Date Times Cited Usage Count Relevance More ▾

1 of 6

Select Page 5K Save to Other File Formats ▾ Add to Marked List

[Analyze Results](#)
[Create Citation Report](#)

1. **Outcomes and long-term survival of coronary artery surgery: The controversial role of opium as risk marker**

By: Najafi, Mahdi; Jahangiry, Leila; Mortazavi, Seyedeh Hamideh; et al.
WORLD JOURNAL OF CARDIOLOGY Volume 8 Issue 11 Pages 676-683 Published NOV 26 2016

Times Cited: 1
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Search Search Results Tools ▾ Searches and alerts ▾ Search History Marked List

Citation report for 57 results from Web of Science Core Collection between 1983 and 2019 Go

You searched for: **Article Group for: KARIMI A***
Timespan: All years. Indexes: SCI-EXPANDED, ESCI, SSCI, CPCI-SSH, CPCI-S. ...Less

This report reflects citations to source items indexed within Web of Science Core Collection. Perform a Cited Reference Search to include citations to items not indexed within Web of Science Core Collection.

Export Data: Save to Excel File ▾

Total Publications 57 Analyze	h-index 15 Average citations per item 12.56	Sum of Times Cited 716 Without self citations 695	Citing articles 676 Without self citations 660 Analyze
--	---	---	---

Sum of Times Cited per Year

Year	Sum of Times Cited
1997	0
1998	0
1999	0
2000	0
2001	0
2002	0
2003	0
2004	0
2005	0
2006	0
2007	0
2008	0
2009	0
2010	0
2011	0
2012	0
2013	0
2014	0
2015	0
2016	0
2017	0
2018	72
2019	35

H-Index(In Scopus)

Karimi, Abbasali

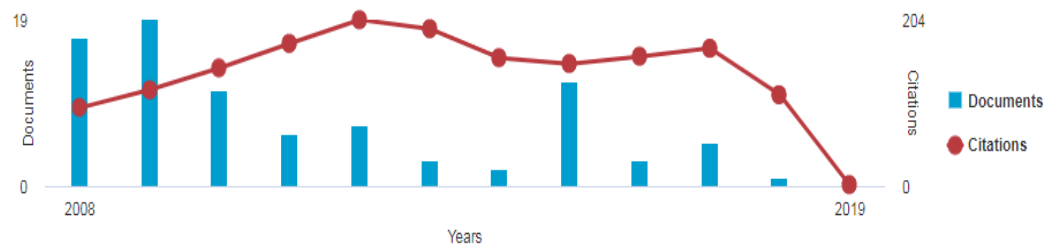
Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran
Author ID: 56253266600

 <http://orcid.org/0000-0002-8162-9905>

Other name formats: Karimi, A. Karimi, Abbas Ali Karimi, Abbassali Karimi, Abassali karimi, Abbasali Ali Karimi, Abbas Karimi, A. A. Karimi, Abasali
Karimi, Abbas Karimi, Abas Ali

Subject area: Medicine Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics Psychology Engineering Chemistry
Physics and Astronomy Immunology and Microbiology


Document and citation trends:



 Get citation alerts  Add to ORCID  Request author detail corrections

Follow this Author

View potential author matches

 h-index

15

[View h-graph](#)

Documents by author

108

[Analyze author output](#)

Total citations

1885 by 1820 documents [View citation overview](#)

H-Index(In GS)

- WOS and SCOPUS both allow you to check and calculate your citations and H-index. But both databases are limited to peer-reviewed journals only.
- **Books, book chapters and reports are not covered. Scholar is changing this.**

H-Index(In GS)

Google Scholar



abbasali karimi MD

Tehran heart center
Verified email at sina.tums.ac.ir
cardiac surgery

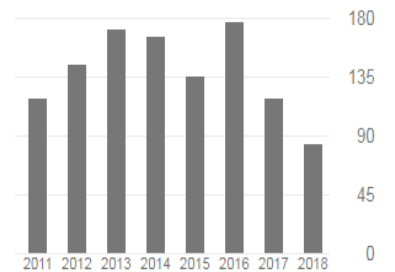
FOLLOW

GET MY OWN PROFILE

Cited by [VIEW ALL](#)

	All	Since 2013
Citations	1351	887
h-index	20	18
i10-index	40	25

TITLE	CITED BY	YEAR
Superficial and deep sternal wound infection after more than 9000 coronary artery bypass graft (CABG): incidence, risk factors and mortality AS Omran, A Karimi, SH Ahmadi, S Davoodi, M Marzban, N Movahedi, ... BMC infectious diseases 7 (1), 112	137	2007
Homocysteine, vitamin B12 and folate levels in premature coronary artery disease S Sadeghian, F Fallahi, M Salarifar, G Davoodi, M Mahmoodian, N Fallah, ... BMC cardiovascular disorders 6 (1), 38	99	2006
The association of opium with coronary artery disease S Sadeghian, S Darvish, G Davoodi, M Salarifar, M Mahmoodian, ... European Journal of Cardiovascular Prevention & Rehabilitation 14 (5), 715-717	86	2007
Cardiac and great vessel involvement in "Behcet's disease" M Marzban, MH Mandegar, A Karimi, K Abbasi, N Movahedi, MA Navabi, ... Journal of cardiac surgery 23 (6), 765-768	81	2008
Preoperative carotid artery screening in patients undergoing coronary artery bypass graft surgery S Shirani, MA Boroumand, SH Abbasi, N Maghsoodi, M Shakiba, A Karimi, ... Archives of medical research 37 (8), 987-990	45	2006
Opium consumption in men and diabetes mellitus in women are the most important risk factors of premature coronary artery disease in Iran S Sadeghian, P Graili, M Salarifar, AA Karimi, S Darvish, SH Abbasi	43	2010



Co-authors

- Nader Fallah
Biostatistician, Rick Hansen Insti... >
- Hamidreza Goodarzynejad
Tehran Heart Center >
- Seved Fhrahim Kassaian .

Number of Citation

- نوع فیلد و رشته
- رفتار استنادی محققین آن رشته
- نوع ژورنال
- محل نمایه سازی ژورنال

آیا استناد به تنهایی شاخص مناسبی برای
ارزیابی اثربخشی پژوهش است؟

شاخصهای پایگاه اطلاعاتی SCOPUS



Metrics [View all metrics >](#)

3 Citations in Scopus

70th Percentile

0.65 Field-Weighted Citation Impact

شاخص تعداد
استنادات مقاله

شاخص تاثیر استنادی
وزنی

Field Weighted Citation Impact

- FWCI شاخص تاثیر استناد وزنی (نرمال شده در بازه زمانی سه ساله)
- بر اساس سه مولفه زمان، حیطه موضوعی و نوع مقاله نرمال شده است
- بنابراین محدودیت های استناد را ندارد و برای بحث های مقایسه ای به شدت توصیه می گردد
- پس در سطح مقایسه Article Level شاخصی که در مباحث موضوعات داغ بسیار کارساز است FWCI است

وضعیت گزارشدهی پایگاه SCOPUS

برای یک مقاله کارآزمایی بالینی

< Back to results | 1 of 1

Export Download Print E-mail Save to PDF Save to list More... >

View at Publisher

Korean Journal of Internal Medicine
Volume 29, Issue 5, 1 September 2014, Pages 620-629

The effect of high-dose vitamin D supplementation on insulin resistance and arterial stiffness in patients with type 2 diabetes [\(Article\)](#)

Ryu, O.-H.^a, Chung, W.^b, Lee, S.^a, Hong, K.-S.^c, Choi, M.-G.^a, Yoo, H.J.^a, et al.

^aDivision of Endocrinology and Metabolism, Department of Internal Medicine, Seoul National University Hospital, Seoul, South Korea
^bDepartment of Healthcare Management, Hallym University, Haeinsa, Pukchang-dong, Gyeongsangnam-do, South Korea
^cDivision of Cardiology, Department of Internal Medicine, Hallym University, Haeinsa, Pukchang-dong, Gyeongsangnam-do, South Korea

Abstract

Background/Aims: Recent epidemiological studies revealed that vitamin D deficiency is associated with type 2 diabetes disease. However, few interventional studies have evaluated the effect of vitamin D supplementation on cardiovascular disease. We investigated the role of vitamin D supplementation on cardiovascular disease.

Methods: We enrolled patients who were taking antidiabetic drugs and calcium supplements. We randomized participants into the vitamin D group (vitamin D 50,000 IU, n = 41) or the placebo group (calcium 200 mg/day, n = 41). We compared their IR (homeostasis model assessment) before and after 24 weeks of intervention.

هر چند این مقاله کارآزمایی بالینی، دارای ۳۸ استناد است، اما در مقایسه با مقالات کارآزمایی بالینی حیطه موضوعی «اثر ویتامین D بر روی مقاومت به انسولین و سختی شریانی بیماران دیابتی»، در بازه زمانی سه ساله ۲۰۱۳-۲۰۱۵، دارای میزان استناد بیشتر از ۲.۵ برابر میانگین استناد مقالات فوق میباشد.

View references (47)

Metrics

View all metrics >

38 Citations in Scopus
94th Percentile

2.62 Field-Weighted Citation Impact



PlumX Metrics
Usage, Captures, Mentions,
Social Media and Citations
beyond Scopus.

Cited by 38 documents

Vitamin D and cardiovascular disease
Apostolakis, M. , Armeni, E. , Bakas, P.
(2018) *Maturitas*

The effects of vitamin D and probiotic co-supplementation on mental health parameters and metabolic status in type 2 diabetic patients with coronary heart disease: A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial

وضعیت گزارشدهی پایگاه SCOPUS

برای یک مقاله مرور سیستماتیک و متآنالیز

< Back to results | < Previous 272 of 2,151 Next >



Export Download Print E-mail Save to PDF Save to list More... >

View at Publisher

Radiology

Volume 283, Issue 3, June 2017, Pages 692-701

MR imaging for diagnosis of malignancy in mammographic microcalcifications: A systematic review and meta-analysis (Review)

Bennani-Baiti, B., Baltzer, P.A.  

Department of Biomedical Imaging and Image-Guided Therapy, Vienna, Austria

Abstract

Purpose: To assess the use of magnetic resonance (MR) imaging in the diagnosis of malignancy in mammographic microcalcifications at mammography. Materials and Methods: Two independent readers performed a systematic review. Methods: Material-enhanced MR imaging was used for assessment of 3-5 were deemed eligible. The standard of reference was number of true- and false-positive and true- and false-negative used to probe for bias. Statistical analysis included data pooled criteria. These comprised 1843 lesions with a mean prevalence interval [CI]: 81% (92%) and 81% (95% CI: 75%, 86%) for a 57% (95% CI: 59%, 81%) and 32% (95% CI: 15%, 92%) for BI-RADS 3 lesions, respectively; 92% (95% CI: 85%, 96%) and 82% (95% CI: 74%, 88%) for BI-RADS 4 lesions, respectively. Results: Twenty studies met the inclusion criteria. The mean prevalence of malignancy was 81% (95% CI: 75%, 86%) for BI-RADS 3 lesions, respectively; 92% (95% CI: 85%, 96%) and 82% (95% CI: 74%, 88%) for BI-RADS 4 lesions, respectively. Conclusion: The prevalence of malignancy in mammographic microcalcifications at mammography. Materials and Methods: Two independent readers performed a systematic review. Methods: Material-enhanced MR imaging was used for assessment of 3-5 were deemed eligible. The standard of reference was number of true- and false-positive and true- and false-negative used to probe for bias. Statistical analysis included data pooled criteria. These comprised 1843 lesions with a mean prevalence interval [CI]: 81% (92%) and 81% (95% CI: 75%, 86%) for a 57% (95% CI: 59%, 81%) and 32% (95% CI: 15%, 92%) for BI-RADS 3 lesions, respectively; 92% (95% CI: 85%, 96%) and 82% (95% CI: 74%, 88%) for BI-RADS 4 lesions, respectively. Results: Twenty studies met the inclusion criteria. The mean prevalence of malignancy was 81% (95% CI: 75%, 86%) for BI-RADS 3 lesions, respectively; 92% (95% CI: 85%, 96%) and 82% (95% CI: 74%, 88%) for BI-RADS 4 lesions, respectively. Conclusion: The prevalence of malignancy in mammographic microcalcifications at mammography.

این مقاله مرور سیستماتیک و متآنالیز، دارای ۱۰ استناد است، اما در مقایسه با مقالات مرور سیستماتیک و متآنالیز حیطه موضوعی «تشخیص در سرطان سینه»، در بازه زمانی سه ساله ۲۰۱۸-۲۰۱۶، دارای میزان استناد نزدیک به ۴ برابر میانگین استناد مقالات فوق میباشد.

Metrics

View all metrics >

10 Citations in Scopus

93rd Percentile

3.90 Field-Weighted Citation Impact



PlumX Metrics

Usage, Captures, Mentions, Social Media and Citations beyond Scopus.

Cited by 10 documents

Gadoterate meglumine decreases ADC values of breast lesions depending on the b value combination

Arponen, O., Sudah, M., Sutela, A. (2018) *Scientific Reports*

How to use the Kaiser score as a clinical decision rule for diagnosis in multiparametric breast MRI: a pictorial essay

View references (38)

استخراج موضوعات داغ از طریق نگارش سینتکس جستجو

ترمه‌ها یا اصطلاحات کلیدی راهکار مستقیم یافتن عناوین / موضوعات جذاب،
چه عبارات یا واژه‌هایی هستند ؟

- Research priority / priorities
- Hot topics
- Research trends
- Hot papers
- Debates
- Cutting-edge
- Highlight papers / reports

- Highlight article / research
- Inconsistency / inconsistencies
- Controversy / controversies
-



رصد پژوهش ها در بانک های استنادی WOS

رصد پژوهش ها در WOS

- **InCites:** a citation-based evaluation tool
- **Journal Citation Reports:** evaluate and compare journals
- **Essential Science Indicators:**
 - Hot Papers
 - Highly Cited Papers

رصد پژوهش ها در WOS

***Journal Citation Reports* can show you the:**

- Most frequently cited journals in a field
- Highest impact journals in a field

رصد پژوهش ها در WOS

■ Essential Science Indicators:

■ Hot Papers:

- Papers generally reach their citation peak two, three, or four years after publication. A small group of papers, however, are recognized very soon after publication, reflected by rapid and significant numbers of citations. These papers are often key papers in their fields and are referred to as *hot papers*.
- ***Hot papers* are papers that receive a large number of citations soon after publication, relative to other papers of the same field and age.** More precisely, they are papers published in the past two years that received a number of citations in the most recent two-month period that places them in the top 0.1% of papers in the same field.

How we can find hot papers in WOS?

Web of Science

Tools ▾ Searches and alerts ▾

Select a database

Basic Search Cited Reference Search Advanced Search Author Search

+ Add row | Reset

Timespan

More settings ▾

Results: 4

(from Web of Science Core Collection)

You searched for: TOPIC: (Telecommunication) ...More

Create Alert

Refine Results

Search within results for...

Filter results by:

Highly Cited in Field (4)

Hot Papers in Field (4)

Open Access (1)

Sort by: Date **Times Cited** Usage Count Relevance More

1 of 1

Select Page

Export...

Add to Marked List

1. **Satellite-based entanglement distribution over 1200 kilometers**

By: Yin, Juan; Cao, Yuan; Li, Yu-Huai; et al.

SCIENCE Volume: 356 Issue: 6343 Pages: 1180-1184 Published: JUN 16 2017

Free Full Text from Publisher

View Abstract

2. **Broadband Nonlinear Photonics in Few-Layer MXene Ti3C2**

By: Jiang, Xiantao; Liu, Shunxiang; Liang, Weiyuan; et al.

LASER & PHOTONICS REVIEWS Volume: 12 Issue: 2 Article

Full Text from Publisher

View Abstract

Analyze Results

Create Citation Report

Times Cited: 170
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Hot Paper

Highly Cited Paper

Usage Count

Times Cited: 77
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

Hot Paper

Highly Cited Paper

This hot paper was published in the past two years and received enough citations in January/February 2019 to place it in the top 0.1% of papers in the academic field of Physics.

Data from Essential Science Indicators

Close Window

رصد پژوهش های داغ و پراستناد در WOS

■ Essential Science Indicators:

■ Highly Cited Papers:

- Highly cited papers are the top one percent in each of the 22 ESI subject areas per year. They are based on the most recent 10 years of publications. Highly Cited Papers are considered to be indicators of scientific excellence and top performance and can be used to benchmark research performance against field baselines worldwide. Although Highly Cited Papers are synonymous with % Documents in the Top 1% in InCites, they are not the identical because of differences in subject scheme, time period and document type.

How we can find Highly Cited in Field in WOS?

Web of Science

Tools ▾ Searches and alerts ▾

Select a database

Basic Search Cited Reference Search Advanced Search Author Search

Timespan

More settings ▾

How we can find Highly Cited in Field in WOS?

The screenshot displays a search results page from Web of Science. The top left corner shows the total number of results: **Results: 9,537** (from Web of Science Core Collection). The search criteria are: **You searched for: TOPIC: ("health literacy") ...More**. A **Create Alert** button is visible below the search criteria.

The sorting options at the top are: **Sort by: Date**, **Times Cited** (circled in red), **Usage Count**, **Relevance**, and **More**. The current page is **1** of **954**.

On the left side, under **Refine Results**, there is a search box for **Search within results for...** and a filter section **Filter results by:**. The **Highly Cited in Field (55)** filter is checked, and a red arrow points to it. The **Open Access (3,674)** filter is unchecked.

The main results list shows two entries:

1. **Health literacy** as a public health goal: a challenge for contemporary health education and communication strategies into the 21st century
By: Nutbeam, D
HEALTH PROMOTION INTERNATIONAL Volume: 15 Issue: 3 Pages: 259-267 Published: SEP 2000
Free Full Text from Publisher View Abstract
2. **Low Health Literacy** and Health Outcomes: An Updated Systematic Review
By: Berkman, Nancy D.; Sheridan, Stacey L.; Donahue, Katrina E.; et al.
ANNALS OF INTERNAL MEDICINE Volume: 155 Issue: 2 Pages: 97-+ Published: JUL 19 2011
Full Text from Publisher View Abstract

On the right side, there are buttons for **Analyze Results** and **Create Citation Report**. Below these, the citation counts are shown: **Times Cited: 1,195** (from Web of Science Core Collection) and **Usage Count** for the first result, and **Times Cited: 1,155** (from Web of Science Core Collection) and **Usage Count** for the second result. A **Highly Cited Paper** icon is also present.

How we can find Highly Cited in Field in WOS?

Results: 55
(from Web of Science Core Collection)



You searched for: TOPIC: ("health literacy") ...More

Create Alert

Refine Results

Search within results for...

Filter results by:

-  Highly Cited in Field (55)
-  Open Access (32)

Sort by: Date Times Cited Usage Count Relevance More ▾

1 of 6

Select Page Export... Add to Marked List

Analyze Results


Create Citation Report

1. **Low Health Literacy and Health Outcomes: An Updated Systematic Review**

By: Berkman, Nancy D.; Sheridan, Stacey L.; Donahue, Katrina E.; et al.
ANNALS OF INTERNAL MEDICINE Volume: 155 Issue: 2 Pages: 97-+ Published: JUL 19 2011

Full Text from Publisher View Abstract ▾

Times Cited: 1,155
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

 **Highly Cited Paper**


Usage Count ▾

2. **A Reengineered Hospital Discharge Program to Decrease**

By: Jack, Brian W.; Chetty, Veerappa K.; Anthony, David; et al.
ANNALS OF INTERNAL MEDICINE Volume: 150 Issue: 3 Page

Full Text from Publisher View Abstract ▾

Times Cited: 830
(from Web of Science Core Collection)

 **Highly Cited Paper**

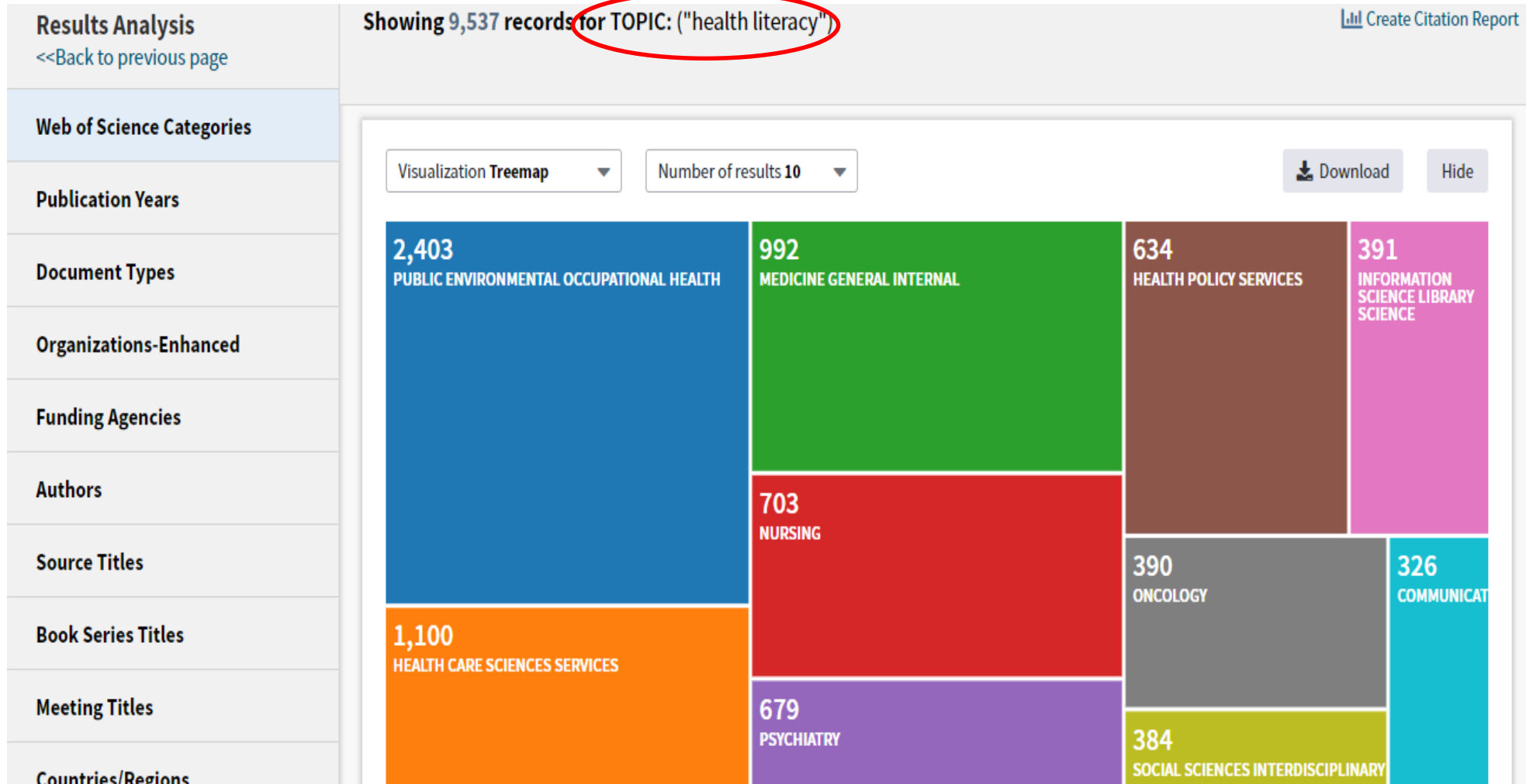
Usage Count ▾

As of March/April 2019, this highly cited paper received enough citations to place it in the top 1% of the academic field of Clinical Medicine based on a highly cited threshold for the field and publication year.

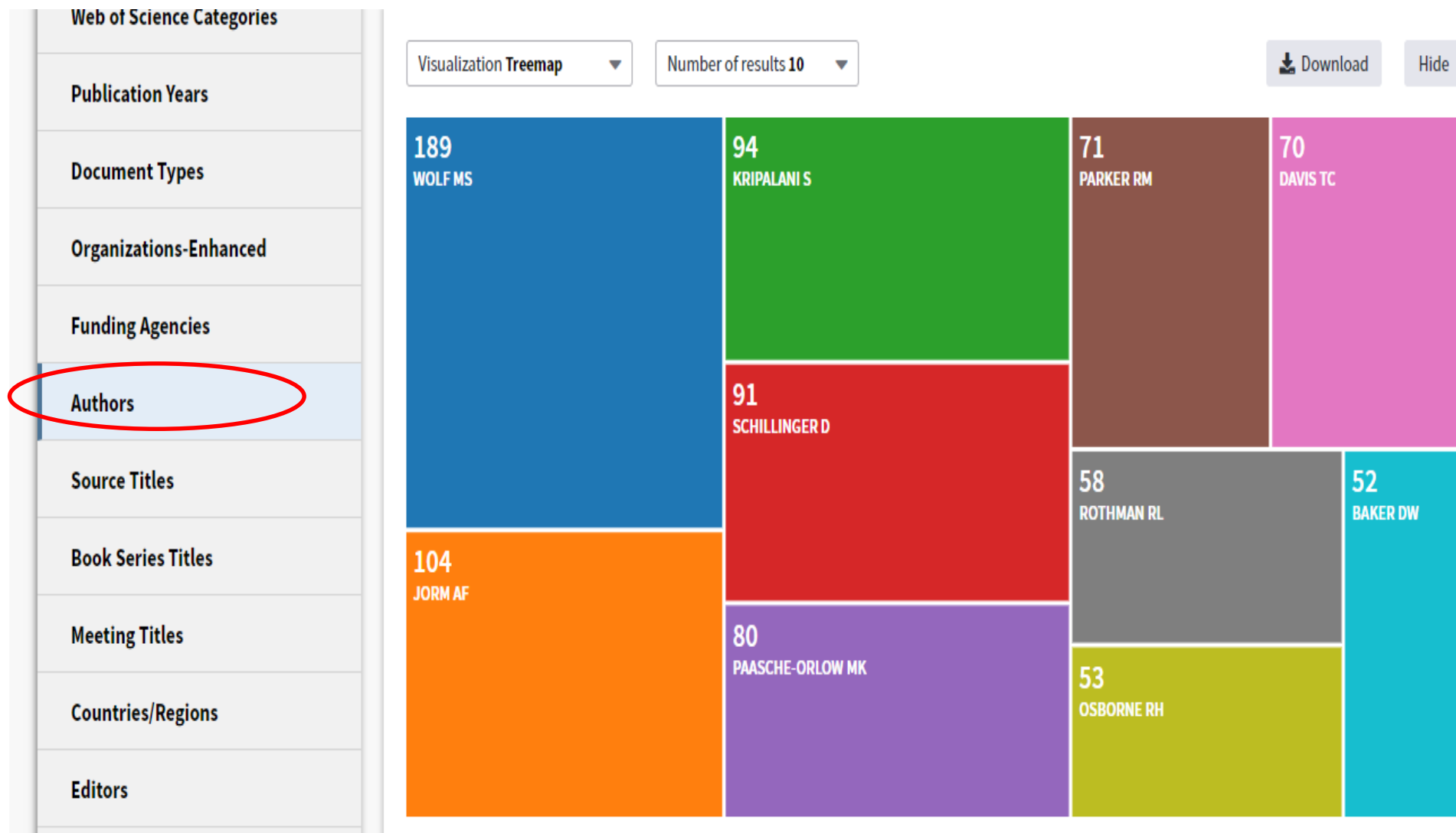
Data from Essential Science Indicators

Close Window

رصد پژوهش‌ها در WOS (Results Analysis)



رصد پژوهش ها در WOS (Results Analysis)



Analyze Results

Create Citation Report

رصد پژوهش ها Wos

Create Citation Report

[How are these totals calculated?](#)

Use the checkboxes to remove individual items from this Citation Report

or restrict to items published between and

- 1. **Health literacy as a public health goal: a challenge for contemporary health education and communication strategies into the 21st century**
By: Nutbeam, D
HEALTH PROMOTION INTERNATIONAL Volume: 15 Issue: 3 Pages: 259-267 Published: SEP 2000
- 2. **Low Health Literacy and Health Outcomes: An Updated Systematic Review**
By: Berkman, Nancy D.; Sheridan, Stacey L.; Donahue, Katrina E.; et al.
ANNALS OF INTERNAL MEDICINE Volume: 155 Issue: 2 Pages: 97-+ Published: JUL 19 2011
- 3. **THE TEST OF FUNCTIONAL HEALTH LITERACY IN ADULTS - A NEW INSTRUMENT FOR MEASURING PATIENTS LITERACY SKILLS**
By: PARKER, RM; BAKER, DW; WILLIAMS, MV; et al.
JOURNAL OF GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE Volume: 10 Issue: 10 Pages: 537-541 Published: OCT 1995

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total	Average Citations per Year
14388	16715	18830	23717	11683	141376	5655.04
147	129	149	195	77	1195	59.75
153	195	175	234	111	1155	128.33
101	86	54	97	27	1049	41.96

رصد پژوهش ها در WOS

InCites answer such questions as:

- Which papers are most influential in a given field of research?
- Which authors are rising stars in their fields?
- How many articles has my institution produced in the past five years? How does that output compare to that of peer institutions?
- Has the research output of my country improved or declined in comparison with that of other countries?
- Where are the researchers who collaborate with researchers at my institution?
- Are researchers in my country performing better or worse than researchers in other countries publishing in the same journals?

InCites




← → ↻ <https://esi.clarivate.com/IndicatorsAction.action>

Web of Science InCites Journal Citation Reports Essential Science Indicators EndNote Publons Sign In Help English

InCites Essential Science Indicators

Clarivate Analytics

Indicators Field Baselines Citation Thresholds

Indicators   

Top Papers by Research Fields

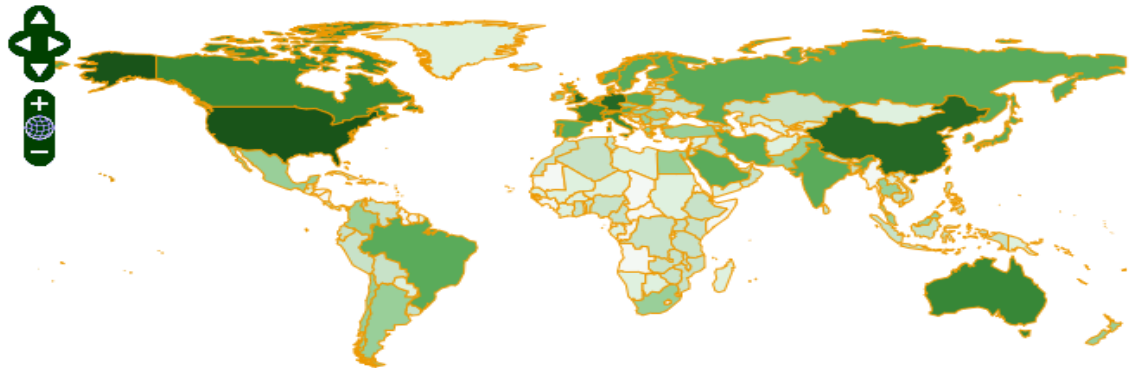
Results List
Research Fields

Filter Results By [?](#)
Changing the filter field removes all current filters.
Add Filter »

Include Results For
Top Papers

Clear Save Criteria

Map View by Top / Hot / Highly Cited Papers [Hide Visualization](#)



The map displays a world map where countries are shaded in various intensities of green and orange. Darker shades of green indicate higher citation density, while lighter shades of green and orange indicate lower density. The map is interactive, with a navigation control on the left side featuring a compass rose, a zoom-in (+) button, a zoom-out (-) button, and a globe icon. The map shows high citation density in North America, Europe, and parts of Asia.

Top Papers by Research front

Web of Science

InCites

Journal Citation Reports

Essential Science Indicators

EndNote

Publons

Kopernio

Web of Science

InCites Essential Science Indicators

Clarivate Analytics

Indicators

Field Baselines

Citation Thresholds

Indicators



Top Papers by Research Fronts

Results List

Journals

Research Fields

Authors

Institutions

Journals

Countries/Regions

Research Fronts

Results List

Research Fronts

Filter Results By ?

Changing the filter field removes all current filters.

Add Filter »

x Clinical Medicine

Include Results For

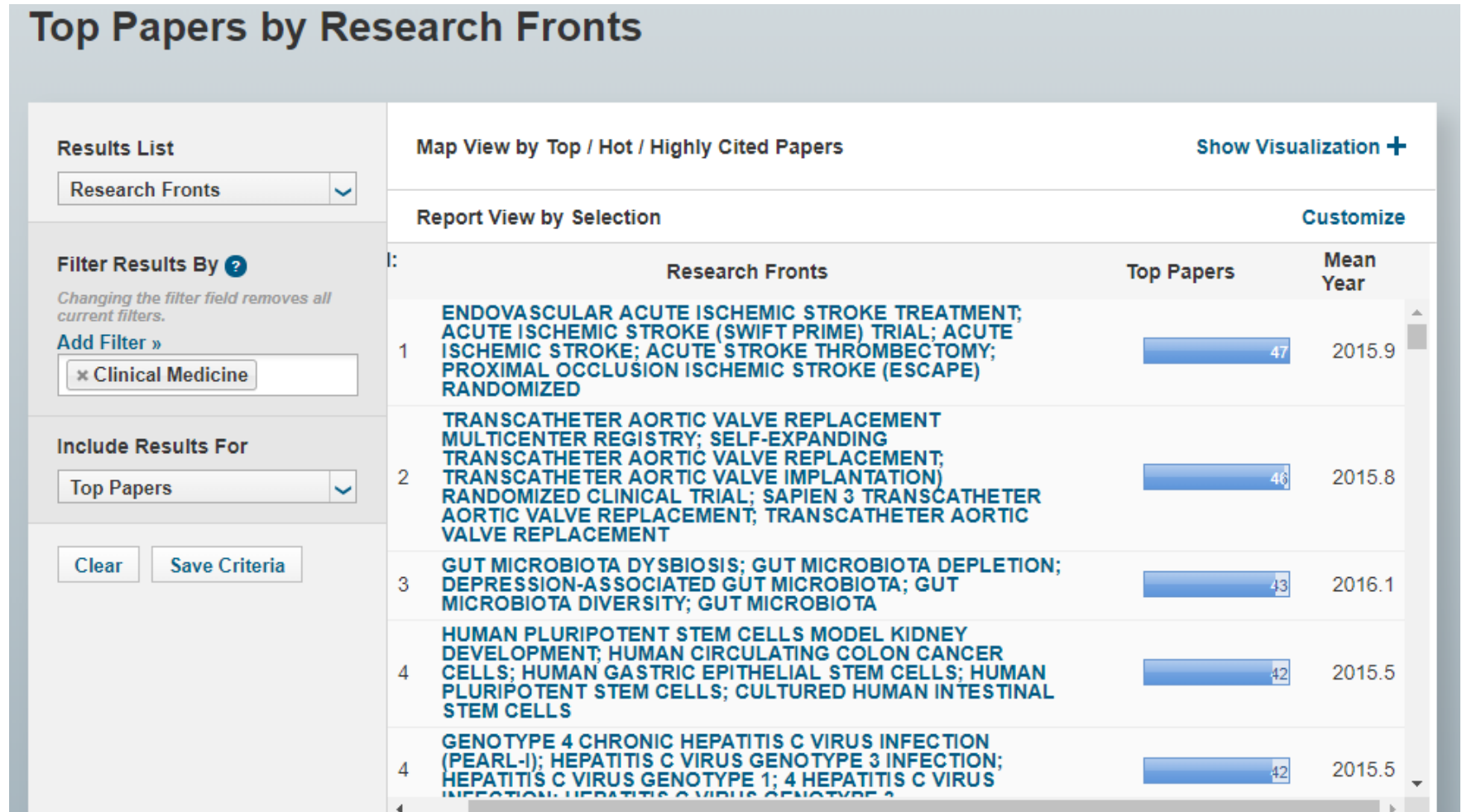
Top Papers

Map View by Top / Hot / Highly Cited Papers

Hide Visualization —



Another view



Top Papers by Journals

Results List		Map View by Top / Hot / Highly Cited Papers				Show Visualization +	
Journals		Report View by Selection				Customize	
Filter Results By ? <i>Changing the filter field removes all current filters.</i> Add Filter » <input type="text" value="x Clinical Medicine"/>		Total: 1126	Journals	Web of Science Documents	Cites ▾	Cites/Paper	Top Papers
Include Results For <input type="text" value="Top Papers"/>		1	N ENGL J MED	3,529	840,489	238.17	1,950
<input type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="Save Criteria"/>		2	PLOS ONE	62,158	802,602	12.91	240
		3	LANCET	2,993	553,444	184.91	1,560
		4	BLOOD	9,906	514,064	51.89	650
		5	J CLIN ONCOL	5,840	464,173	79.48	1,060
		6	CIRCULATION	4,756	365,181	76.78	700
		7	CANCER RES	7,451	333,199	44.72	340
		8	J AMER COLL CARDIOL	4,296	296,134	68.93	630
		9	JAMA-J AM MED ASSN	2,263	293,679	129.77	850
		10	CLIN CANCER RES	6,962	282,433	40.57	380
		11	J CLIN INVEST	3,954	257,209	65.05	480

مشکل کار با Research Front

- پوشش تنها ۲۱٪ از مجلات آی.اس.آی
- تقسیم بندی کلان ۲۲ گانه
- داشتن دانش خوب از حوزه موضوعی برای دانستن میزان اهمیت یک موضوع



رصد پژوهش‌ها در Scopus

رصد پژوهش ها در Scopus

by using the **<Analyze search results>** tool in Scopus in tandem with searching book content, you can gain a powerful way of discovering key influencers and uncovering important trends.

Analyze search results

The screenshot shows the Scopus search results page for the query "patient decision aids". The page displays 360 document results. A red box highlights the "Analyze search results" button in the top right corner of the results area. The results are listed in a table with columns for Document title, Authors, Year, Source, and Cited by.

Document title	Authors	Year	Source	Cited by
1 Shared decision making and antibiotic benefit-harm conversations: An observational study of consultations between general practitioners and patients with acute respiratory infections 11 Medical and Health Sciences 1117 Public Health and Health Services Open Access	Bakhit, M., Del Mar, C., Gibson, E., Hoffmann, T.	2018	BMC Family Practice 19(1),165	0
2 Existing evidence summarization methods cannot guarantee trustworthy patient decision aids	Dannenberg, M.D., Durand, M.-A., Montori, V.M., Reilly, C., Elwyn, G.	2018	Journal of Clinical Epidemiology 102, pp. 69-77	0

Analyze search results(in Scopus)

← → ↻ <https://www.scopus.com/term/analyzer.uri?sid=12e78f6d63b91e3e7c49a676cc03b88b&origin=resultslist&src=s&s=TITLE-ABS-KEY%28patient+decision+aids%29&sort=plf-f&sdt=b&sot=b&sl=38&co...> 🔍 ☆ SC | 📧

Analyze search results

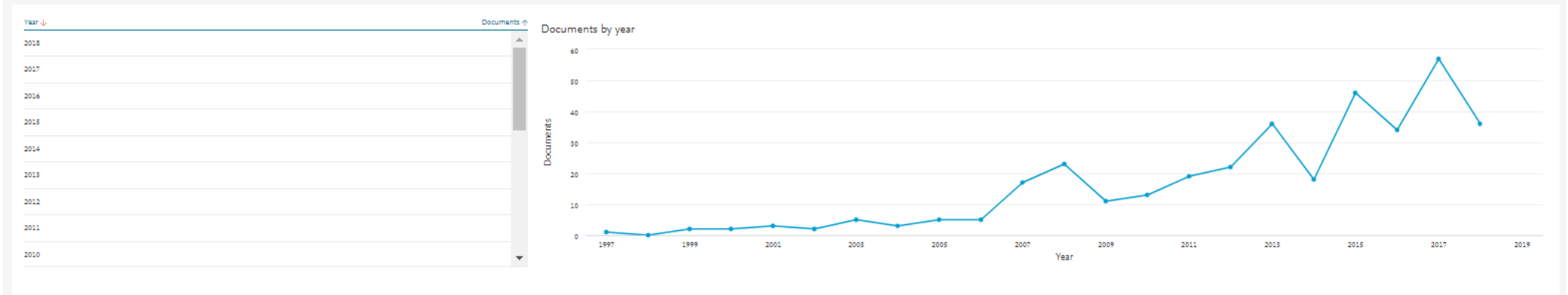
< Back to results

📄 Export 🖨️ Print 📧 Email

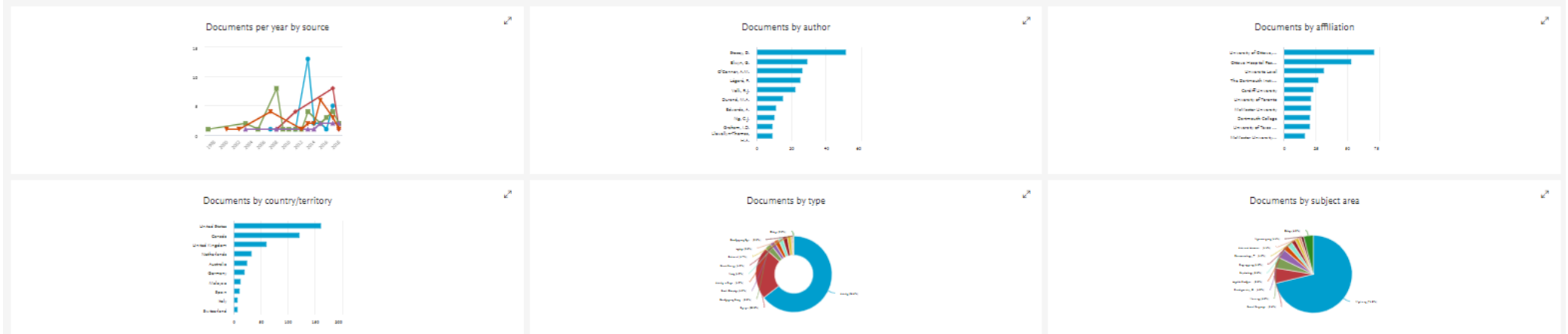
TITLE-ABS-KEY ("patient decision aids")

360 document results

Select year range to analyze: 1997 to 2018 **Analyze**



Click on cards below to see additional data.



discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

← → ↻ <https://www.scopus.com/search/form.uri?display=basic>

Document search

Documents Authors Affiliations Advanced

Search × Article title, Abstract, Keywords ▾ +
E.g., "Cognitive architectures" AND robots

▾ Limit

Date range (inclusive)

Published ▾ to ▾

Added to Scopus in the last ▾

Document type ▾

Access type ▾

Reset form

Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

2. To make results a less intimidating number and isolate only book content, filter your results to <Books>

The screenshot shows the Scopus search interface. On the left, a sidebar contains various filters. The 'Source type' filter is highlighted with an orange box and is currently set to 'Books' (505 items). Other filters include Document type, Source title, Keyword, Affiliation, Funding sponsor, Country/territory, and Language. At the bottom of the sidebar are buttons for 'Limit to', 'Exclude', and 'Export refine'. The main area displays a list of search results, numbered 7 through 11. Each result includes a checkbox, a title, authors, year, journal name, and a citation count. The results are as follows:

Item	Title	Authors	Year	Journal	Citation Count
7	Inside the Mind of the Online Health Information Searcher using Think-Aloud Protocol	Macias, W., Lee, M., Cunningham, N.	2018	Health Communication 33(12), pp. 1482-1493	0
8	A new comprehensive diabetes health literacy scale: Development and psychometric evaluation	Lee, E.-H., Lee, Y.W., Lee, K.-W., Nam, M., Kim, S.H.	2018	International Journal of Nursing Studies 88, pp. 1-8	0
9	A narrative literature review of child-focused mental health literacy attributes and scales	Bale, J., Grové, C., Costello, S.	2018	Mental Health and Prevention 12, pp. 26-35	0
10	Patterns of early primary school-based literacy interventions among Pacific children from a nationwide health screening programme of 4 year olds	Schluter, P.J., Kokaua, J., Tautolo, E.-S., (...), Taylor, B., Gillon, G.	2018	Scientific Reports 8(1),12368	0
11	Depression literacy and stigma influence how parents perceive and respond to adolescent depressive symptoms	Johnco, C., Rapee, R.M.	2018	Journal of Affective Disorders	0

Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

3. Next, sort by <Cited by> to quickly identify the most impactful books

505 document results View secondary documents View 962 patent results View 2561 Mendeley Data

TITLE-ABS-KEY (health AND literacy) AND (LIMIT-TO (SRCTYPE, "b"))

[Edit](#) [Save](#) [Set alert](#) [Set feed](#)

Search within results...

Analyze search results Show all abstracts **Sort on: Cited by (highest)**

All Export Download View citation overview View cited by Add to List Print Email Share

	Document title	Authors	Year	Source	Cited by
<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Financial Literacy and Planning: Implications for Retirement Well-being (Book Chapter)	Mitchell, O.S., Lusardi, A.	2011	<i>Financial Literacy: Implications for Retirement Security and the Financial Marketplace</i>	138
	View abstract View at Publisher Related documents				
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Physical literacy: Throughout the lifecourse (Book)	Whitehead, M.	2010	<i>Physical Literacy: Throughout the Lifecourse</i> pp. 1-230	109
	View abstract View at Publisher Related documents				
<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Developing the emotionally literate school (Book)	Weare, K.	2004	<i>Developing the Emotionally Literate School</i>	105

Refine results

Access type ⓘ

- Open Access (3) >
- Other (502) >

Year

- 2018 (20) >
- 2017 (67) >
- 2016 (64) >

Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

4. Begin scrolling through the list and click on <Show abstract> to read more about a book and decide whether it is relevant to your research needs.

The screenshot shows the Scopus search results page for the query "TITLE-ABS-KEY (health AND literacy) AND (LIMIT-TO (SRCTYPE, 'b'))". The page displays 505 document results, sorted by "Cited by (highest)".

505 document results [View secondary documents](#) [View 962 patent results](#) [View 2561 Mendeley Data](#)

TITLE-ABS-KEY (health AND literacy) AND (LIMIT-TO (SRCTYPE, "b"))

[Edit](#) [Save](#) [Set alert](#) [Set feed](#)

Search within results...

Refine results

[Limit to](#) [Exclude](#)

Access type [Open Access](#) (3) [Other](#) (502)

Year

- 2018 (20)
- 2017 (67)
- 2016 (64)
- 2015 (77)
- 2014 (29)

[View more](#)

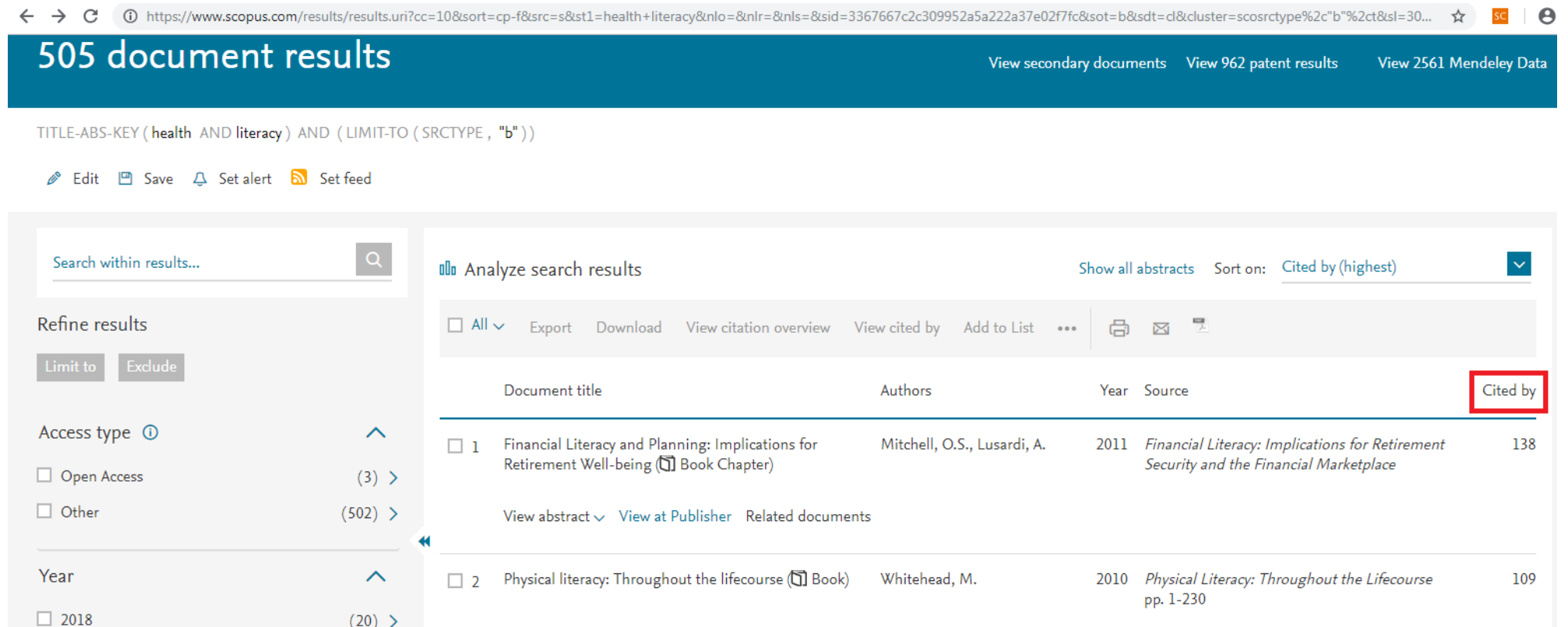
Analyze search results [Show all abstracts](#) [Sort on: Cited by \(highest\)](#)

All [Export](#) [Download](#) [View citation overview](#) [View cited by](#) [Add to List](#) [Print](#) [Email](#) [Share](#)

	Document title	Authors	Year	Source	Cited by
<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Financial Literacy and Planning: Implications for Retirement Well-being (Book Chapter)	Mitchell, O.S., Lusardi, A.	2011	<i>Financial Literacy: Implications for Retirement Security and the Financial Marketplace</i>	138
Hide abstract View at Publisher Related documents					
<p>© Pension Research Council, The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania, 2011. All rights reserved. Relatively little is known about why people fail to plan for retirement and whether planning and information costs might affect retirement saving patterns. This chapter reports on a purpose-built survey module on planning and financial literacy for the Health and Retirement Study which measures how people make financial plans, collect the information needed to make these plans, and implement the plans. We show that financial illiteracy is widespread among older Americans, particularly women, minorities, and the least educated. We also find that the financially savvy are more likely to plan and to succeed in their planning, and they rely on formal methods such as retirement calculators, retirement seminars, and financial experts, instead of family/relatives or co-workers. These results have implications for targeted financial education efforts.</p>					
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Physical literacy: Throughout the lifecourse (Book)	Whitehead, M.	2010	<i>Physical Literacy: Throughout the Lifecourse</i>	109

Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

5. Once you isolate a book that both relevant to your research and well cited, click on the cited by number. This lists all content citing the book, including journal articles, books, conference papers, and more.



The screenshot shows a Scopus search results page. At the top, a blue banner displays "505 document results" and links to "View secondary documents", "View 962 patent results", and "View 2561 Mendeley Data". Below the banner, the search query is displayed: "TITLE-ABS-KEY (health AND literacy) AND (LIMIT-TO (SRCTYPE, "b"))". The page includes options to "Edit", "Save", "Set alert", and "Set feed". A search bar is present with the text "Search within results...". The main content area is titled "Analyze search results" and shows a list of documents sorted by "Cited by (highest)". The "Cited by" column header is highlighted with a red box. The first document in the list is "Financial Literacy and Planning: Implications for Retirement Well-being (Book Chapter)" by Mitchell, O.S., and Lusardi, A., published in 2011, with 138 citations. The second document is "Physical literacy: Throughout the lifecourse (Book)" by Whitehead, M., published in 2010, with 109 citations.

505 document results [View secondary documents](#) [View 962 patent results](#) [View 2561 Mendeley Data](#)

TITLE-ABS-KEY (health AND literacy) AND (LIMIT-TO (SRCTYPE, "b"))

[Edit](#) [Save](#) [Set alert](#) [Set feed](#)

Search within results...

Refine results

Limit to [Exclude](#)

Access type [i](#)

Open Access (3) >

Other (502) >

Year [i](#)

2018 (20) >

Analyze search results [Show all abstracts](#) Sort on: [Cited by \(highest\)](#)

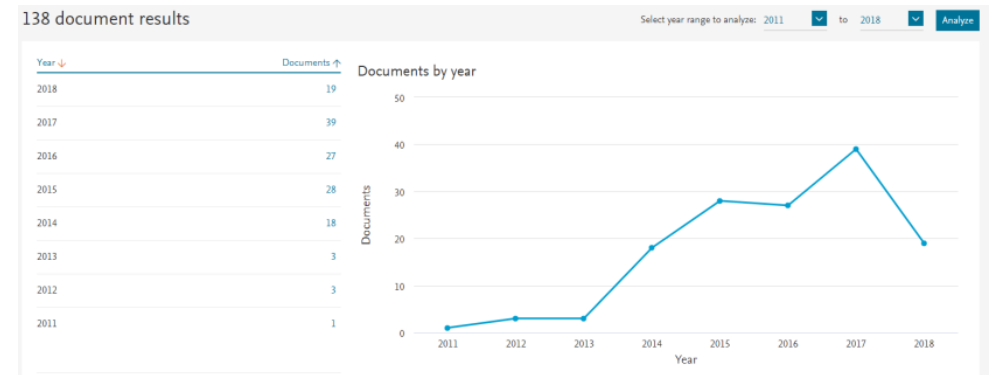
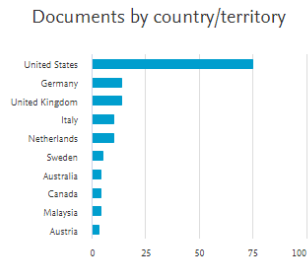
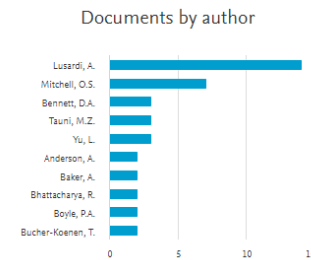
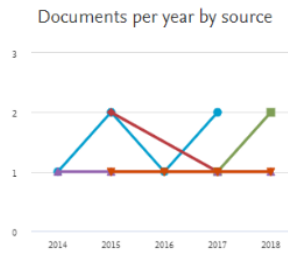
All [Export](#) [Download](#) [View citation overview](#) [View cited by](#) [Add to List](#) [Print](#) [Email](#) [Share](#)

	Document title	Authors	Year	Source	Cited by
<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Financial Literacy and Planning: Implications for Retirement Well-being (Book Chapter)	Mitchell, O.S., Lusardi, A.	2011	<i>Financial Literacy: Implications for Retirement Security and the Financial Marketplace</i>	138
	View abstract View at Publisher Related documents				
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Physical literacy: Throughout the lifecourse (Book)	Whitehead, M.	2010	<i>Physical Literacy: Throughout the Lifecourse</i> pp. 1-230	109

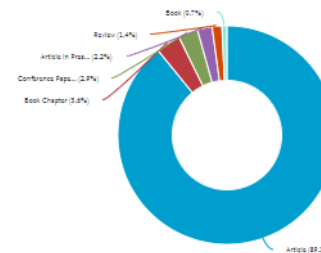
Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

6. However, before looking through this list and reading more abstracts, click on the <Analyze search results> tool to access a visual analysis of your results grouped into the following 7 categories:

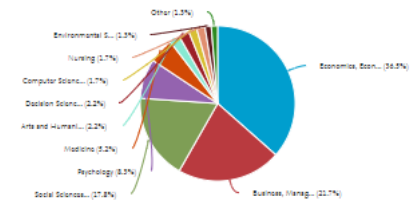
- Year
- Source
- Author
- Affiliation
- Country/Territory
- Document type
- Subject area



Documents by type



Documents by subject area



Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

8. Each grouping provides a unique and powerful way of understanding your results. For example, click on the <Author> tab to identify **who is researching in this area**, and what they are publishing. These might be people you want to follow, or possibly collaborate with. Or, click on <Sources> to find **leading journals** in your area of interest.

Discover key influencers and uncover trends in Scopus

- 9. As you browse through the charts, notice that you can also click on an author's name to further investigate their research impact; compare and analyze a group of journals in the <Sources> tab based on different metrics like SNIP or Impact per Paper; link to key historical content from the <Year> tab, and much more.

The screenshot shows the Scopus interface for the journal 'Public Health Nutrition'. The page includes the Scopus logo, navigation links (Search, Sources, Alerts, Lists, Help, SciVal, Register, Login), and a 'Source details' header. The journal information is as follows:

- Public Health Nutrition**
- Scopus coverage years: from 1998 to Present
- Publisher: Cambridge University Press
- ISSN: 1368-9800 E-ISSN: 1475-2727
- Subject area: Medicine: Public Health, Environmental and Occupational Health; Medicine: Medicine (miscellaneous); Nursing: Nutrition and Dietetics

Key metrics are displayed on the right side:

- CiteScore 2018: 2.52
- SJR 2018: 1.186
- SNIP 2018: 1.025

At the bottom, there are buttons for 'View all documents', 'Set document alert', and 'Journal Homepage'.

The screenshot shows the Scopus interface for the author 'Smith-Greenaway, Emily G.'. The page includes the 'Author details' header and the following information:

- Smith-Greenaway, Emily G.**
- University of Southern California, Los Angeles, United States
- Author ID: 41461910900
- Other name formats: Smith Greenaway, Emily G.; Smith-Greenaway, Emily
- Subject area: Social Sciences; Medicine; Arts and Humanities; Psychology; Environmental Science

Key metrics are displayed in the middle section:

- Documents by author: 21
- Total citations: 282 by 260 documents
- h-index: 7

A 'Document and citation trends' chart is shown at the bottom, plotting Documents (blue bars) and Citations (red line) from 2011 to 2019. The chart shows a general upward trend in both metrics over the period.

Profile actions on the right include: Edit author profile, Connect to ORCID, Alerts (Set citation alert, Set document alert), and View potential author matches.



رصد پژوهش‌ها در GS

رصد مجلات برتر در یک حوزه پژوهشی

← → × https://scholar.google.com/scholar?as_sdt=0,5&q=health+literacy&hl=en#d=gs_hdr_drw&p=&u=

Google Scholar

health literacy

About 2,440,000 results (0.08 sec)

Articles
Case law
Profiles

My profile
My library
Alerts
Metrics

Advanced search
Settings

The test of functional health literacy in adults
RM Parker, DW Baker, MV Williams... - Journal of general internal medicine, 2008 - academic.oup.com
OBJECTIVE: To develop a valid, reliable instrument to measure the functional health literacy skills of patients. DESIGN: The Test of Functional Health Literacy in Adults (TOFHLA) was developed using actual hospital materials. The TOFHLA consists of a 10-item test. RESULTS: The mean score was 4.5 (SD 1.5). The test was reliable (Cronbach's alpha = 0.82). The test was valid (Pearson's correlation = 0.70). The test was easy to use (mean time to complete = 10.5 min). CONCLUSIONS: The TOFHLA is a valid, reliable, and easy-to-use instrument to measure the functional health literacy skills of patients. It is a promising tool for identifying patients who need additional health literacy education. ☆ Cited by 1797 Related articles All 8 versions

Health literacy as a public health goal: a challenge for education and communication strategies into the 21st century
D Nutbeam - Health promotion international, 2000 - academic.oup.com
Health literacy is a relatively new concept in health promotion. It is a concept that describes a range of outcomes to health education and communication. From a public health perspective, health education is directed towards improving health literacy. ☆ Cited by 2966 Related articles All 13 versions

[HTML] The evolving concept of health literacy
D Nutbeam - Social science & medicine, 2008 - Elsevier
The relationship between poor literacy skills and health status is now better understood. Interest in this relationship has led to the emergence of health literacy. The concept has emerged from two different roots—in literacy and in health. ☆ Cited by 1565 Related articles All 20 versions

[HTML] Association of health literacy with diabetes outcomes
D Schillinger, K Grumbach, J Piette, F Wang... - Jama, 2002 - jama.com
Context: Health literacy is a measure of patients' ability to read, comprehend, and use medical instructions. Poor health literacy is common among racial and ethnic minorities, elderly persons, and patients with chronic conditions, particularly in underserved communities. ☆ Cited by 1754 Related articles All 12 versions

Related searches
mental health literacy health literacy medication adherence

Categories English

Publication	h5-index	h5-median
1. Nature	362	542
2. The New England Journal of Medicine	358	602
3. Science	345	497
4. The Lancet	278	417
5. Chemical Society reviews	256	366
6. Cell	244	366
7. Nature Communications	240	318
8. Chemical Reviews	239	373
9. Journal of the American Chemical Society	236	309
10. Advanced Materials	235	336
11. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences	226	291
12. Angewandte Chemie International Edition	213	295
13. JAMA	209	309



Thank You !

Good Luck!